=> D HIS FUL

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FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 13:13:36 ON 25 AUG 2005
                E BOTULIN A/CN
              1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON
                                     "BOTULIN A"/CN
L1
                E BOTULIN B/CN
L2
              1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON
                                     "BOTULIN B"/CN
                E BOTULIN C/CN
1.3
              1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON
                                     "BOTULIN C"/CN
                E BOTULIN D/CN
              1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON
                                     "BOTULIN D"/CN
L4
                E BOTULIN E/CN
L5
              1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON
                                     "BOTULIN E"/CN
                E BOTULIN F/CN
              1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON
                                     "BOTULIN F"/CN
L6
                E BOTULIN G/CN
L7
              1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON
                                     "BOTULIN G"/CN
              7 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (L1 OR L2 OR L3 OR L4 OR L5 OR L6 OR L7)
1.8
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 13:15:00 ON 25 AUG 2005
L9
           1208 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L8
           2012 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON BOTULIN/OBI
L10
           3182 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON BOTULI?/OBI (L) (TOXIN#/OBI OR NEUROTOXIN?/
L11
                OBI)
           3477 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON
                                     (L9 OR L10 OR L11)
L12
          57583 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (BREAST/OBI OR MAMMARY/OBI ) (L) (DISEASE#/
L13
                OBI OR DISORDER#/OBI OR CYST#/OBI OR NEOPLAS?/OBI OR CANCER#/OB
                I OR TUMOR#/OBI OR CARCINOMA#/OBI)
L14
             22 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L13 AND L12
                            PLU=ON L13 (L) L12
L15
              4 SEA ABB=ON
L16
            872 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L12 (L) (THU/RL OR TREAT?/OBI OR THERAP?/OB
                I OR PAC/RL)
L17
             18 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L16 AND L14
L18
             18 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L17 OR L15
     FILE 'WPIDS' ENTERED AT 13:18:26 ON 25 AUG 2005
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458 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (BOTULIN?
458 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L19 OR L20
L19
L20
                                     (BOTULIN? (S) (?TOXIN?))
L21
     FILE 'WPIDS' ENTERED AT 13:23:50 ON 25 AUG 2005
          13005 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (BREAST OR MAMMARY ) (3A) (DISEASE# OR
L22
                DISORDER# OR CYST# OR NEOPLAS? OR CANCER# OR TUMOR# OR
                CARCINOMA# OR TUMOUR#)
L23
             57 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON SCLEROSING ADENOSIS OR DUCT (2W) (PAPILLOMA
                 OR ADENOSIS) OR FIBROADENOMA
L24
          13017 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L23 OR L22
             15 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L21 AND L24
L25
     FILE 'HCAPLUS, WPIDS' ENTERED AT 13:27:14 ON 25 AUG 2005
L26
             19 DUP REM L18 L25 (14 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
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=> fil hcaplus wpids FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 13:27:44 ON 25 AUG 2005 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2005 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

FILE 'WPIDS' ENTERED AT 13:27:44 ON 25 AUG 2005 COPYRIGHT (C) 2005 THE THOMSON CORPORATION

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=> d que 126
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L1
                                                 "BOTULIN B"/CN
             1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON
L2
             1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON
                                                 "BOTULIN C"/CN
L3
             1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON
                                                 "BOTULIN D"/CN
L4
             1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON
                                                 "BOTULIN E"/CN
L5
             1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON
                                                 "BOTULIN F"/CN
L6
             1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON "BOTULIN G"/CN
L7
              7 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON (L1 OR L2 OR L3 OR L4 OR L5
^{18}
                OR L6 OR L7)
L9
           1208 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L8
           2012 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON BOTULIN/OBI
L10
           3182 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON BOTULI?/OBI (L) (TOXIN#/OBI
L11
                OR NEUROTOXIN?/OBI)
          3477 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON (L9 OR L10 OR L11)
L12
         57583 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON (BREAST/OBI OR MAMMARY/OBI )
L13
                (L) (DISEASE#/OBI OR DISORDER#/OBI OR CYST#/OBI OR NEOPLAS?/OBI
                 OR CANCER#/OBI OR TUMOR#/OBI OR CARCINOMA#/OBI)
             22 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L13 AND L12
L14
              4 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L13 (L) L12
L15
            872 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L12 (L) (THU/RL OR TREAT?/OBI
L16
                OR THERAP?/OBI OR PAC/RL)
L17
            18 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L16 AND L14
L18
            18 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L17 OR L15
             9 SEA FILE=WPIDS ABB=ON PLU=ON BOTULIN
L19
            458 SEA FILE=WPIDS ABB=ON PLU=ON (BOTULIN? (S) (?TOXIN?))
L20
            458 SEA FILE=WPIDS ABB=ON PLU=ON L19 OR L20
L21
         13005 SEA FILE=WPIDS ABB=ON PLU=ON (BREAST OR MAMMARY ) (3A)
L22
                (DISEASE# OR DISORDER# OR CYST# OR NEOPLAS? OR CANCER# OR
                TUMOR# OR CARCINOMA# OR TUMOUR#)
             57 SEA FILE-WPIDS ABB-ON PLU-ON SCLEROSING ADENOSIS OR DUCT
L23
                (2W) (PAPILLOMA OR ADENOSIS) OR FIBROADENOMA
         13017 SEA FILE-WPIDS ABB-ON PLU-ON L23 OR L22
L24
L25
            15 SEA FILE=WPIDS ABB=ON PLU=ON L21 AND L24
             19 DUP REM L18 L25 (14 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L26
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=> d ibib ab hitind

L26 ANSWER 1 OF 19 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 1

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:122599 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:191234

TITLE: Methods for treating diverse cancers by

local administration of a botulinum

toxin

INVENTOR(S):
Brin, Mitchell F.; Donovan, Stephen

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Allergan, Inc., USA

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 34 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.

Ser. No. 71,826. CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 4

PATENT INFORMATION:

		1	Alana Harris	10/071,826	
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
	US 2005031648 US 6139845	A1 A	20050210 20001031	US 2004-929040 US 1999-454842	20040827 19991207
PRIO	US 2002094339 RITY APPLN. INFO.:	A1	20020718	US 2002-71826 US 1999-454842 US 2000-631221 US 2002-71826	A2 19991207
AB	such as hyperplastic cancers) and for pre- regression or remiss particular, the pre- cancer types (includ- cysts and neoplasms) hyperplastic and / of	e tissue eventing sion of sent indicate the sent	es, cysts and g the develor, atypical to vention relate mmary gland contions and controlic gland	ds for treating atypical neoplasms (including oment of, or for causissues, cysts and neoples to methods for treatisorders, such as manancerous, as well as a lar cells by local accinity of the afflicted	cal tissues, g tumors and ing the plasms. In eating diverse mmary gland for treating dministration
IC INCL CC	ICM A61K039-08 424239100 1-6 (Pharmacology)				

ST diverse cancer mammary gland botulinum toxin

IT Mammary gland, neoplasm

(fibroadenoma; methods for treating diverse cancers)

IT

(mammary fibroadenoma; methods for treating diverse cancers)

=> d ibib ab hitind 2-19

THE ESTIMATED COST FOR THIS REQUEST IS 55.65 U.S. DOLLARS DO YOU WANT TO CONTINUE WITH THIS REQUEST? (Y) / N: y

L26 ANSWER 2 OF 19 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:369206 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:423804

TITLE: High throughput screening of thioaptamer libraries for

specific binding to proteins on viruses and other

pathogens and for cancer therapy

INVENTOR (S): Gorenstein, David G.; Luxon, Bruce A.; Barrett, Allan;

Holbrook, Michael; Bassett, Suzanne; Somasunderam,

Anoma

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Board of Regents-the University of Texas System, USA

PCT Int. Appl., 87 pp. SOURCE:

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT	NO.			KIN	D 1	DATE		1	APPL	ICAT	ION I	NO.		D	ATE	
					-									_		
WO 2005	0370	53		A2	:	2005	0428	1	WO 2	004-1	US16:	247		2	0040	520
W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	ΒZ,	CA,	CH,
	CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,
	GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	ΙL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	ΚE,	KG,	ΚP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,
	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NA,	NI,
	NO,	NZ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SY,

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TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
         RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM,
             AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK,
             EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE,
             SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE,
             SN, TD, TG
                                            US 2003-472897P
                                                                 P 20030523
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
     The present invention relates to high throughput screening of thioaptamer
     libraries for specific binding to proteins on viruses and other Biosafety
     level 4 pathogens and for cancer therapy.
IC
     ICM A61B
CC
     1-5 (Pharmacology)
     Section cross-reference(s): 3, 4, 15
     Antibiotics
     Antitumor agents
     Antiviral agents
     Bacillus (bacterium genus)
     Biological warfare agents
     Combinatorial library
     DNA sequence analysis
     Epitopes
     Eubacteria
     Eukaryota
     Francisella
     Liver, neoplasm
     Lung, neoplasm
     Lymphoma
       Mammary gland, neoplasm
     Molecular cloning
     Neoplasm
     Ovary, neoplasm
     PCR (polymerase chain reaction)
     Pancreas, neoplasm
     Pharynx, neoplasm
     Prokaryota
     Prostate gland, neoplasm
     Skin, neoplasm
     Sulfhydryl group
     Surface plasmon resonance
     Vaccines
     Variola virus
     Vibrio
     Virus
     Yersinia
        (high throughput screening of thioaptamer libraries for specific
        binding to proteins on viruses and other pathogens and for
        cancer therapy)
                                                        65988-88-7, Modeccin
     4368-28-9, Tetrodotoxin
                               35523-89-8, Saxitoxin
IT
     77238-39-2, Microcystin
                               91933-11-8, Volkensin
                                                        107231-12-9,
               123210-68-4, Conotoxin
     RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BIOL (Biological study)
        (aptamers targeting; high throughput screening of thioaptamer libraries
        for specific binding to proteins on viruses and other pathogens and for
        cancer therapy)
L26 ANSWER 3 OF 19 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 2005 THE THOMSON CORP on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                      2005-458501 [46]
                                         WPIDS
DOC. NO. CPI:
                      C2005-139337
                      Killing cancer cells, by administering apoptosis-inducing
TITLE:
```

therapy and administering antibody specific for

intracellular, cancer-associated protein other than C35, or antibody specific for C35

or antibody specific for C35.

DERWENT CLASS:

B04 D16

INVENTOR(S):

EVANS, E E; PARIS, M J; SAHASRABUDHE, D M; SMITH, E S;

ZAUDERER, M

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

(VACC-N) VACCINEX INC

COUNTRY COUNT:

108

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO	KIND DATE	WEEK	LA	PG

WO 2005055936 A2 20050623 (200546) * EN 255

RW: AT BE BG BW CH CY CZ DE DK EA EE ES FI FR GB GH GM GR HU IE IS IT KE LS LT LU MC MW MZ NA NL OA PL PT RO SD SE SI SK SL SZ TR TZ UG ZM ZW

W: AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BW BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC EE EG ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NA NI NO NZ OM PG PH PL PT RO RU SC SD SE SG SK SL SY TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VC VN YU ZA ZM ZW

US 2005158323 A1 20050721 (200548)

APPLICATION DETAILS:

PATENT NO	KIND	APPLICATION	DATE
WO 2005055936 US 2005158323		WO 2004-US40573 US 2003-526572P US 2003-531688P US 2004-3819	20041206 20031204 20031223 20041206

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: US 2003-531688P

20031223; US

2003-526572P

20031204; US

2004-3819

20041206

AB WO2005055936 A UPAB: 20050720

NOVELTY - Killing (M1) cancer cells, comprising administering apoptosis-inducing therapy to cancer cells, and administering to the cells an antibody specific for an intracellular, cancer-associated protein, provided that the protein is not C35, where protein becomes exposed on the cell surface in cells undergoing apoptosis, where the antibody is conjugated to or complexed with a toxin, is new.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - Killing (M1) cancer cells, involves:

- (a) (i) administering an apoptosis-inducing therapy to the cancer cells; and (ii) administering to the cells an antibody specific for an intracellular, cancer-associated protein, provided that the protein is not C35, where the protein becomes exposed on the cell surface in cells undergoing apoptosis, where the antibody is conjugated to or complexed with a toxin, and where the antibody is administered at a time before or after step (i) such that the antibody binds to the cancer cell when apoptosis has been induced or is being induced in the cancer cell, thus killing cancer cells undergoing apoptosis and/or surrounding cancer cells;
- (b) (i) administering an apoptosis-inducing therapy to the cancer cells, and (ii) administering to the cells an antibody, where the antibody is specific for C35, and where the antibody is administered at a time before or after step (i) such that the antibody binds to the cancer cell when apoptosis has been induced or is being induced in the cancer cell, thus killing cancer cells undergoing apoptosis; or
- (c) administering to the cells an antibody, where the antibody is specific for C35, and where the antibody is conjugated to or complexed

with a toxin. INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for: (1) an isolated antibody (I) specific for C35, chosen from: (a) an antibody comprising the VH region encoded by clone 1B3G; (b) an antibody comprising the VL region encoded by clone 1B3K; (c) an antibody comprising the VH region encoded by clone 1F2G; (d) an antibody comprising the VL region encoded by clone 1F2K; (e) an antibody comprising the VH region encoded by clone H0009; (f) an antibody comprising the VL region encoded by clone L0010; (g) an antibody comprising the VH region of (a) and the VL region of (b); (h) an antibody comprising the VH region of (c) and the VL region of (d); (i) an antibody comprising the VH region of (e) and the VL region of (f); (j) an antibody comprising the VH region encoded by a fully defined 366 nucleotide sequence (SEQ ID NO. 56) given in the specification; (k) an antibody comprising the VH region encoded by a fully defined 369 nucleotide sequence (SEQ ID NO. 60) given in the specification; (1) an antibody comprising the VL region encoded by a fully defined 321 nucleotide sequence (SEQ ID Number 58) given in the specification; (m) an antibody comprising the VH region of (j) and the VL region of (1);(n) an antibody comprising the VH region of (k) and the VL region of (1);(o) an antibody comprising at least one of CDR1 or CDR2 of the VH region encoded by SEQ ID NO. 56; (p) an antibody comprising at least one of CDR1 or CDR2 of the VH region encoded by SEQ ID NO. 60; (q) an antibody comprising at least one of CDR1 , CDR2, or CDR3 of the VL region encoded by SEQ ID NO. 58; (r) a chimeric antibody comprising the VH region of (a) or (c); (s) a chimeric antibody comprising the VL region of (b) or (d); (t) a chimeric antibody comprising the VH region of (a) and the VL region of (b); (u) a chimeric antibody comprising the VH region of (c) and the VL region of (d); (v) the chimeric antibody of (r), (s), (t) or (u) which is a human chimeric antibody; (w) a humanized antibody comprising 1,2,3,4,5 or 6 CDRs of the antibody of (g) or (h); (x) an antibody comprising 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6 CDRs of the antibody of (i); or (y) an antibody which binds the epitope bound by the antibody of any one of (a) to (x); (2) a polynucleotide (II) encoding (I); (3) a vector (III) comprising (II); (4) a host cell comprising (III); and (5) a composition comprising (I) and a carrier. ACTIVITY - Cytostatic. MECHANISM OF ACTION - Immunotherapy; Inducer of apoptosis. A line of continuously growing breast tumor cells that express the C35 tumor antigen were either irradiated with 300 Gy or left untreated. After continued in vitro culture for several days to allow apoptosis to develop, cells were harvested, washed and stained with 50 ng of 1F2 monoclonal anti-C35 antibody or a mouse IgG antibody control each conjugated to a fluorescent dye Alexa 647. Following 50 minutes incubation at 25 deg. C, cells were stained with Annexin V and propidium iodide (PI).

Cells were analyzed for staining with Annexin V, propidium iodide and Alexa 647 by flow cytometry. The results show that untreated live cells

(PI negative), that were not undergoing apoptosis (Annexin V negative), did not express C35 on the surface membrane as evidenced by absence of differential staining with anti-C35 antibody and the isotype control antibody. The irradiated tumor cells that remained viable (PI negative) and had not been induced to undergo apoptosis (Annexin V negative) also did not express C35 on the tumor cell surface membrane. The irradiated tumor cells that were viable (PI negative), but undergoing apoptosis (Annexin V positive), were clearly differentially stained with anti-C35 antibodies as compared to isotype control antibody.

USE - (M1) is useful for killing cancer cells in a mammal preferably human in need of eradication of smaller tumors and/or micrometastases, or in need of cancer treatment for C35-associated cancer chosen from breast cancer, ovarian cancer, bladder cancer, lung cancer, prostate cancer, pancreatic cancer, colon cancer and melanoma (claimed). (I) is useful for detecting, diagnosing or monitoring C35-associated cancers.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows the effect on tumor volume of the combined modality treatment of chemotherapy and radioimmunotherapy in Swiss nude mice. Dwg.6/11

L26 ANSWER 4 OF 19 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 2

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:515671 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:66293

TITLE: Protein and cDNA sequences of a novel human cancer

gene BASE, and therapeutic use

Pastan, Ira H.; Egland, Kristi A.; Vincent, James J.; INVENTOR(S):

Lee, Byungkook; Strausberg, Robert

APPLICATION NO.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): United States Dept. of Health and Human Services, USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 86 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DATE

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

KIND

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT NO.

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                                                                WO 2003-US39476 20031210.
       WO 2004053098
                                       A2
                                                 20040624
             2004053098

A2 20040624 WO 2003-US39476 20031210.

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW

RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                                                                    US 2002-432531P
                                                                                               P 20021210
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
       The invention relates to the discovery of a new gene, termed 'BASE,' which
       is expressed in some 25% of breast cancers and in salivary glands. BASE
       is expressed in two alternatively spliced forms: a 19.5 kD, 179 amino acid
       secreted protein called 'base1,' and a 8.4 CKD, 79 amino acid non-secreted
       protein called 'base2.' The invention provides antibodies to base 1 and to
                  Antibodies to the proteins can be used to detect the presence of
       base 1 or base2 in a sample, thereby detecting the presence of a
       BASE-expressing breast cancer. Antibodies to base2 attached to a
       therapeutic agent can direct the agent to base2-expressing cells.
       and base2, immunogenic fragments of the proteins, and analogs of the
       proteins can be used to raise immune responses to BASE-expressing cancer
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cells. The invention further provides uses for using the proteins in manufacturing medicaments and methods for using antibodies to the proteins, attached to therapeutic mols., to inhibit the growth of cancer cells expressing BASE.

IC ICM C12N

CC 3-3 (Biochemical Genetics)

Section cross-reference(s): 1, 6, 14

ST protein cDNA sequence human cancer gene BASE breast

IT Toxoids

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (botulin, A-F, antibody conjugated with; protein and cDNA sequences of novel human cancer gene BASE, and therapeutic use)

IT Mammary gland, neoplasm

(treatment of; protein and cDNA sequences of novel human cancer gene BASE, and therapeutic use)

L26 ANSWER 5 OF 19 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 3

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:20436 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:92564

TITLE: Use of mixtures of related antigenic peptides to

induce a cytotoxic T lymphocyte immune response in a

APPLICATION NO.

DATE

wide range of individuals

INVENTOR(S):
Ruprecht, Ruth M.; Jiang, Shisong

KIND

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Dana-Farber Cancer Institute, Inc., USA

DATE

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 175 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.

							_									-		
	WO	2004	0024	15		A2		2004	0108	1	WO 2	003-1	JS20	322		2	0030	627
	WO	2004	0024	15		C2		2004	0603									
		W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	ΒZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,
			CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,
			GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KΡ,	KR,	KZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,
			LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NI,	NO,	NZ,	OM,
			PG,	PH,	ΡL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SY,	ΤJ,	TM,	TN,
				-	-	-	-	-	UZ,	-		-	-					
		RW:	GH,	GM,	KΕ,	LS,	MW,	MΖ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,	BY,
			KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,	TJ,	TM,	ΑT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,
						-	-							-		SI,		
						CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,							SN,		
PRIO		APP											-	-		P 2		
AB																		t and
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		livid			_						_	_	_				_	
																		rived
		m a																
																		amino
																		e of an
		rlap																
											dem	onst:	rate	i. :	They	also	o ind	duced a
	_	life		ve T	hel	per o	cell	res	ponse	Э.								
IC		A6																
~~		A / T		1		\												

CC 15-2 (Immunochemistry)

IT Anaplasma

Anaplasma phagocytophilum

Ancylostoma

Ascaris

Babesia

Bacillus (bacterium genus)

Bacillus anthracis

Bacillus cereus

Balantidium

Besnoitia

Bordetella

Bordetella bronchiseptica

Bordetella parapertussis

Bordetella pertussis

Borrelia

Borrelia afzelii

Borrelia andersonii

Borrelia burgdorferi

Borrelia garinii

Borrelia hermsii

Brachyspira hyodysenteriae

Campylobacter

Campylobacter coli

Campylobacter jejuni

Chlamydia

Chlamydia pneumoniae

Chlamydia trachomatis

Chlamydophila psittaci

Clostridium

Clostridium botulinum

Clostridium difficile

Clostridium tetani

Coccidia

Corynebacterium

Corynebacterium diphtheriae

Cryptosporidium

Cytauxzoon

Cytomegalovirus

Dengue virus

Digestive tract, neoplasm

Dipylidium

Ebola virus

Echinococcus

Ehrlichia

Ehrlichia equi

Eimeria

Entamoeba

Enterobius

Enterococcus

Enterococcus faecalis

Enterococcus faecium

Eperythrozoon

Escherichia

Escherichia coli

Eubacteria

Flavivirus

Giardia

Haemobartonella

Haemophilus

Haemophilus ducreyi

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Hammondia
Helicobacter
Helicobacter pylori
Hepatitis A virus
Hepatitis B virus
Hepatitis C virus
Hepatitis E virus
Human herpesvirus
Human herpesvirus 3
Human herpesvirus 4
Human herpesvirus 5
Human immunodeficiency virus 1
Human immunodeficiency virus 2
Human metapneumovirus
Human papillomavirus
Human papillomavirus 11
Human papillomavirus 16
Human papillomavirus 18
Human papillomavirus 6
Human parainfluenza virus
Influenza virus
Isopora
Japanese encephalitis virus
Kidney, neoplasm
Legionella
Legionella pneumophila
Leishmania
Leptospira
Leptospira interrogans
Listeria
Listeria monocytogenes
Lung, neoplasm
  Mammary gland, neoplasm
Measles virus
Melanoma
Moraxella
Moraxella catarrhalis
Mumps virus
Mycobacterium
Mycobacterium avium
Mycobacterium avium paratuberculosis
Mycobacterium bovis
Mycobacterium leprae
Mycobacterium smegmatis
Mycobacterium tuberculosis
Neisseria gonorrhoeae
Neisseria meningitidis
Neorickettsia
Ovary, neoplasm
Paramyxovirus
Parasite
Plasmodium (malarial genus)
Pneumocystis
Prostate gland, neoplasm
Pseudomonas
Pseudomonas aeruginosa
Respiratory syncytial virus
Rickettsia
Rickettsia rickettsi
Rotavirus
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SARS coronavirus
     Salmonella
     Salmonella choleraesuis
     Salmonella enteritidis
     Salmonella paratyphi
     Salmonella typhi
     Sarcocystis
     Schistosoma
     Shigella
     Shigella dysenteriae
     Shiqella flexneri
     Shigella sonnei
     Simian immunodeficiency virus
     Staphylococcus
     Staphylococcus aureus
     Staphylococcus epidermidis
     Streptococcus
     Streptococcus agalactiae
     Streptococcus mutans
     Streptococcus pneumoniae
     Streptococcus pyogenes
     Strongyloides
     Strongylus
     Taenia
     Theileria
     Tick-borne encephalitis virus
     Toxascaris
     Toxocara
     Toxoplasma
     Treponema
     Treponema denticola
     Treponema pallidum
     Trichinella
     Trichomonas
     Trichuris
     Trypanosoma
    Uncinaria
    Vibrio
    Vibrio cholerae
     Yellow fever virus
     Yersinia
     Yersinia enterocolitica
    Yersinia pestis
     Yersinia pseudotuberculosis
        (vaccines against, overlapping synthetic peptide formulations for; use
       of mixts. of related antigenic peptides to induce cytotoxic T
        lymphocyte immune response in wide range of individuals)
     4368-28-9, Tetrodotoxin 11050-21-8, Ciguatoxin 21259-20-1, T2 Toxin
     35523-89-8, Saxitoxin 77238-39-2, Microcystin
                                                       107231-12-9,
               123210-68-4, Conotoxin
    Botulin
    RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); THU (Therapeutic
    use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (vaccines against, overlapping synthetic peptide formulations for; use
       of mixts. of related antigenic peptides to induce cytotoxic T
       lymphocyte immune response in wide range of individuals)
L26 ANSWER 6 OF 19 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 4
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ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:248644 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

142:274057

TITLE:

IT

Sequences of human schizophrenia related genes and use

for diagnosis, prognosis and therapy

INVENTOR(S): Liew, Choong-chin

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Chondrogene Limited, Can.

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 156 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.

Ser. No. 802,875.

CODEN: USXXCO DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 46

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2004241727	A1	20041202	US 2004-812731	20040330
US 2004014059	A1	20040122	US 2002-268730	20021009
US 2004241727	A1	20041202	US 2004-812731	20040330
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1999-115125P P	19990106
			US 2000-477148 B	1 20000104
			US 2002-268730 A	2 20021009
			US 2003-601518 A	2 20030620
			US 2004-802875 A	2 20040312
			US 2004-812731 A	20040330

The present invention is directed to detection and measurement of gene transcripts and their equivalent nucleic acid products in blood. Specifically provided is anal. performed on a drop of blood for detecting, diagnosing and monitoring diseases using gene-specific and/or tissue-specific primers. The present invention also describes methods by which delineation of the sequence and/or quantitation of the expression levels of disease-specific genes allows for an immediate and accurate diagnostic/prognostic test for disease or to assess the effect of a particular treatment regimen. [This abstract record is one of 3 records for this document necessitated by the large number of index entries required to fully index the document and publication system constraints.].

IC C12Q001-68

INCL 435006000

CC 1-11 (Pharmacology)

Section cross-reference(s): 3, 6, 7, 9, 13

IT Proteins

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(BRAP1 (breast cancer-associated protein 1); sequences

of human schizophrenia-related genes and use for diagnosis, prognosis and therapy)

IT **Tumor** antigens

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(NY-BR-20, serol. defined breast cancer; sequences

of human schizophrenia-related genes and use for diagnosis, prognosis and therapy)

IT Proteins

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(breast carcinoma amplified sequence 2; sequences

of human schizophrenia-related genes and use for diagnosis, prognosis and therapy)

IT Proteins

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(ras-related C3 botulinum toxin substrate 2;

sequences of human schizophrenia-related genes and use for diagnosis,

prognosis and therapy)

L26 ANSWER 7 OF 19 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 2005 THE THOMSON CORP on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004-784471 [77] WPIDS

DOC. NO. NON-CPI: N2004-618320 DOC. NO. CPI: C2004-274512

TITLE: Diagnosing breast tumor, by detecting

expression product of one of 119 genes encoding, for example, ribosomal protein L27 and HIF-1 responsive RTP801, in breast tissue where increased expression

indicates neoplastic state.

DERWENT CLASS: B04 D16 P31 S03

INVENTOR(S): MADDEN, S; SUKUMAR, S

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): (MADD-I) MADDEN S; (SUKU-I) SUKUMAR S

COUNTRY COUNT: 108

PATENT INFORMATION:

RW: AT BE BG BW CH CY CZ DE DK EA EE ES FI FR GB GH GM GR HU IE IT KE
LS LU MC MW MZ NL OA PL PT RO SD SE SI SK SL SZ TR TZ UG ZM ZW
W: AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BW BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE
DK DM DZ EC EE EG ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG
KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NA NI NO NZ
OM PG PH PL PT RO RU SC SD SE SG SK SL SY TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG

US UZ VC VN YU ZA ZM ZW

APPLICATION DETAILS:

PATENT NO	KIND	APPLICATION	DATE
WO 2004091383	A2	WO 2004-US9704	20040331

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: US 2003-458960P 20030401

AB WO2004091383 A UPAB: 20041203

NOVELTY - Method (M1) to aid in diagnosing breast tumor

, by detecting expression product of any one of 119 gene (such as hypothetical protein DKFZp434G171, HIF-1 responsive RTP801, ribosomal protein L27, cyclin-dependent kinase 3) in first breast tissue sample suspected of neoplastic, and comparing expression of gene in second breast tissue sample which is normal, where increased expression of gene in first sample indicates neoplastic state.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - Method (M1) to aid in diagnosing breast tumor, involves detecting an expression product of at least any one of 119 gene in first breast tissue sample suspected of neoplastic, where the gene includes hypothetical protein DKFZp434G171, heat shock 70 kDa protein 1A, jagged 1 (Alagille syndrome), cyclin-dependent kinase 3, 6-phosphogluconolactonase, homolog of rat and mouse retinoid-inducible serine carboxypeptidase, plasmalemma vesicle associated protein, NADH:ubiquinone oxidoreductase MLRQ subunit homolog, HIF-1 responsive RTP801, ribosomal protein L27, etc. and comparing the expression of at least one gene in the first breast tissue sample with is normal, where increased expression of at least one gene in the first breast tissue sample relative to the second tissue sample identifies the first breast tissue sample to be neoplastic.

INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for the following:

(1) treating (M2) a breast tumor, involves

contacting the cells of the breast tumor with an antibody that specifically binds to an extracellular epitope of a protein selected from benzodiazapine receptor (peripheral); cadherin 5, type 2, VE-cadherin (vascular epithelium), calcium channel, voltage-dependent, alpha 1H subunit; CD74 antigen (invariant polypeptide of major histocompatibility complex, class 1:1 antigen associated); CD9 antigen (p24); dysferlin, limb girdle muscular dystrophy 2B (autosomal recessive), ectonucleoside triphosphate diphosphohydrolase 1, G protein-coupled receptor 4, hypothetical protein FLJ20898, hypoxia up-regulated 1, immediate early response 3, interferon, alpha-inducible protein (clone IFI-6-16), jagged 1 (Alagille syndrome), KLA, A0152 gene product, Lysosomal-associated multispanning membrane protein-5, major histocompatibility complex, class I, B, major histocompatibility complex, class I, C, NADH: ubiquinone oxidoreductase MLRQ subunit homolog, Notch homolog 3 (Drosophila), plasmalemma vesicle associated protein, solute carrier family 21 (prostaglandin transporter), member 2, TEMB, Thy-I cell surface antigen, receptor (calcitonin) activity modifying protein 3, sema domain, immunoglobulin domain (Ig), 43 benzodiazapine receptor (peripheral) - mitochondrial, and TEM17, where immune destruction of cells of the breast tumor is triggered;

- (2) identifying (M3) the test compound as potential anticancer or anti-breast tumor drug, involves contacting a test compound with a cell expressing at least one gene of (M1), monitoring an expressing product of the gene, and identifying the test compound as a potential anti-cancer drug if it decreases the expression of at least one gene; and
- (3) inducing (M4) an immune response to a breast tumor, involves administering to a mammal a protein or nucleic acid encoding a protein of (M1), where an immune response to the protein is induced.

ACTIVITY - Cytostatic; Immunostimulant.

No supporting data is given.

MECHANISM OF ACTION - Immunotoxin; Radioimmunotherapeutic.

USE - (M1) is useful for diagnosing breast tumor.

The tissue samples are isolated from same human. (M2) is useful for treating breast tumor. (M4) is useful for inducing an immune response to a breast tumor in a mammal. The mammal has a breast tumor. The mammal has a

breast tumor that is surgically removed (all claimed).

ADVANTAGE - (M1) provides distinct diagnosis of neoplastic and normal endothelium in human breast at molecular level and has significant implication for the development of anti-angiogenic therapies. Dwq.0/0

L26 ANSWER 8 OF 19 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 5

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:591356 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

139:147994

TITLE:

cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human protein MRP9

and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses for

breast, testicular, or pancreatic

cancer

INVENTOR(S):

Pastan, Ira H.; Bera, Tapan K.; Lee, Byungkook

The Government of the United States of America as PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Represented by the Secretary, Department of Health and

Human Services, USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 84 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

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PATENT INFORMATION:
                       KIND DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO.
    PATENT NO.
                        ____
                               -----
    WO 2003062446
                       A2
                               20030731
                                        WO 2003-US1340
                                                                20030115
    WO 2003062446
                       C2 20040304
        W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
            CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
            GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,
            LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH,
            PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ,
            UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
        RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
            KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES,
            FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF,
            BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                                                           P 20020117
P 20020422
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                           US 2002-350053P
                                           US 2002-375121P
    Human gene MRP9/ABCC12 is a member of the ATP-binding cassette transporter
AB
    family of genes. MRP9 mRNAs of 4.5 kb and 1.8 kb are disclosed herein to
    be expressed in cancer cells. The invention claims an antibody that
    specifically binds an antigenic epitope of an MRP9 polypeptide. Methods
    are also provided for detecting cancer cells, by detecting a mRNA encoding
    MRP9, or by detecting MRP9 polypeptide. In addition, immunotherapeutics are
    provided that are based on MRP9. These immunotherapeutics are claimed for
    use in treatment of breast, testicular, or pancreatic cancers. The 4.5 kb
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cDNA has an open reading frame of 930 amino acids and is encoded by 26 exons of the MRP9/ABCC12 gene. This cDNA lacks the second nucleotide binding domain and part of both transmembrane spanning regions that are normally present in ABC transporters. The MRP9 protein was detected after

antibodies with testis tissue. A 1.3 kb MRP9 mRNA is highly expressed in brain or other tissues, originates within exon 21, has an open reading frame of 234 amino acids, and encodes a nucleotide binding domain which is

in vitro transcription and translation and by using anti-peptide

missing in the protein encoded by the 4.5 kb variant of MRP9. IC ICM C12Q

14-1 (Mammalian Pathological Biochemistry) Section cross-reference(s): 3, 6, 9, 13, 15, 63

IT

CC

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (A, conjugates, with antibody; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human protein MRP9 and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses for breast, testicular, or pancreatic cancer)

ΙT Transport proteins

> RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (ABC (ATP-binding cassette) transporters, gene MRP9/ABCC12; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human protein MRP9 and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses for breast, testicular, or pancreatic cancer)

IT Brain

Mammary gland

Pancreas

Testis

(MRP9 mRNA expression; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human protein MRP9 and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses for breast, testicular, or pancreatic cancer)

IT Gene, animal

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES

(MRP9/ABCC12; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human protein MRP9 and

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their diagnostic and therapeutic uses for breast, testicular,
        or pancreatic cancer)
     Nucleic acid hybridization
IT
        (RNA dot blot; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human protein MRP9
        and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses for breast,
        testicular, or pancreatic cancer)
     PCR (polymerase chain reaction)
ΙT
        (RT-PCR (reverse transcription-PCR); cDNA and polypeptide sequences for
        human protein MRP9 and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses for
        breast, testicular, or pancreatic cancer)
ΙT
     Immunity
        (T cell response; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human protein MRP9
        and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses for breast,
        testicular, or pancreatic cancer)
IT
     Samples
        (biopsy; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human protein MRP9 and
        their diagnostic and therapeutic uses for breast, testicular,
        or pancreatic cancer)
IT
     Antitumor agents
     Blood
     Blood serum
     Cytotoxic agents
     Epitopes
     Human
     Immunoassay
     Immunotherapy
       Mammary gland, neoplasm
     Northern blot hybridization
     Nucleic acid hybridization
     Pancreas, neoplasm
     Protein sequences
     Test kits
     Testis, neoplasm
     Urine
     cDNA sequences
        (cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human protein MRP9 and their
        diagnostic and therapeutic uses for breast, testicular, or
        pancreatic cancer)
IT
     mRNA
     RL: ANT (Analyte); DGN (Diagnostic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human protein MRP9 and their
        diagnostic and therapeutic uses for breast, testicular, or
        pancreatic cancer)
TΤ
     Probes (nucleic acid)
     RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); DGN (Diagnostic use); ANST (Analytical
     study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human protein MRP9 and their
        diagnostic and therapeutic uses for breast, testicular, or
        pancreatic cancer)
TТ
     Diagnosis
        (cancer; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human protein
        MRP9 and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses for breast,
        testicular, or pancreatic cancer)
IT
        (conjugates with antibodies; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human
        protein MRP9 and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses for
        breast, testicular, or pancreatic cancer)
IT
     Radionuclides, biological studies
     RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); DGN (Diagnostic use); ANST (Analytical
```

study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(conjugates with antibodies; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human protein MRP9 and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses for

breast, testicular, or pancreatic cancer)

TΤ Enzymes, biological studies

RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); DGN (Diagnostic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(conjugates, with antibodies; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human protein MRP9 and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses for breast, testicular, or pancreatic cancer)

IT

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (conjugates, with antibodies; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human protein MRP9 and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses for breast, testicular, or pancreatic cancer)

ΙT Abrins

> RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (conjugates, with antibody; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human protein MRP9 and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses for breast, testicular, or pancreatic cancer)

Antibodies and Immunoglobulins IT

RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (conjugates; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human protein MRP9 and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses for breast, testicular, or pancreatic cancer)

IT T cell (lymphocyte)

(cytotoxic; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human protein MRP9 and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses for breast, testicular, or pancreatic cancer)

IT

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (diphtheria, conjugates, with antibody; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human protein MRP9 and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses for breast, testicular, or pancreatic cancer)

IT Mammary gland, neoplasm

> (ductal carcinoma; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human protein MRP9 and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses for breast, testicular, or pancreatic cancer)

ΙT Toxins

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (exotoxins, Pseudomonas PE35, PE37, PE38, and PE40; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human protein MRP9 and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses for breast, testicular, or pancreatic cancer)

IT Toxins

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (exotoxins, conjugates with antibody; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human protein MRP9 and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses for breast, testicular, or pancreatic cancer)

TT Proteins

> RL: ANT (Analyte); DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(gene MRP9/ABCC12; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human protein MRP9 and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses for breast, testicular, or pancreatic cancer)

IT Immunity

> (humoral; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human protein MRP9 and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses for breast, testicular,

Alana Harris 10/071,826 or pancreatic cancer) Drug delivery systems TT (immunoconjugates; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human protein MRP9 and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses for breast, testicular, or pancreatic cancer) Cell proliferation TΤ (inhibition, neoplastic cell; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human protein MRP9 and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses for breast, testicular, or pancreatic cancer) TΤ Fluorescent substances (labeled antibodies; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human protein MRP9 and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses for breast, testicular, or pancreatic cancer) Antibodies and Immunoglobulins IT RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); DGN (Diagnostic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (labeled; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human protein MRP9 and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses for breast, testicular, or pancreatic **cancer**) Carcinoma IT (mammary ductal; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human protein MRP9 and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses for breast, testicular, or pancreatic cancer) Diagnosis IT (mol.; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human protein MRP9 and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses for breast, testicular, or pancreatic cancer) Antibodies and Immunoglobulins ТТ RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (monoclonal; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human protein MRP9 and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses for breast, testicular, or pancreatic cancer) 569693-66-9 ITRL: ANT (Analyte); DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (amino acid sequence; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human protein MRP9 and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses for breast, testicular, or pancreatic cancer) 349600-89-1, GenBank AY040220 TΤ RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study) (cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human protein MRP9 and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses for breast, testicular, or pancreatic cancer) 93384-43-1D, Botulinum toxin A, antibody IT conjugates 93384-44-2D, Botulinum toxin B, antibody conjugates 93384-46-4D, Botulinum toxin D, antibody conjugates 93384-47-5D, Botulinum toxin E, antibody conjugates 107231-13-0D, Botulinum toxin C1, antibody conjugates 107231-14-1D, Botulin C2, antibody conjugates 107231-15-2D, Botulinum toxin F, antibody conjugates RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human protein MRP9 and their

diagnostic and therapeutic uses for breast,

testicular, or pancreatic cancer)

ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (human MRP9 mRNA specific primer T399; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human protein MRP9 and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses for breast, testicular, or pancreatic cancer) IT 569693-89-6 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (human MRP9 mRNA specific primer T419; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human protein MRP9 and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses for breast, testicular, or pancreatic cancer) IT 569693-92-1 RL: ANT (Analyte); DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (nucleotide sequence; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human protein MRP9 and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses for breast, testicular, or pancreatic cancer) 569703-61-3 569703-62-4, 5: PN: WO03062446 SEQID: 4 unclaimed DNA IT569703-64-6 569703-65-7 569703-69-1 569703-70-4 569703-63-5 569703-66-8 569703-67-9 569703-68-0 RL: PRP (Properties) (unclaimed nucleotide sequence; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human protein MRP9 and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses for breast, testicular, or pancreatic cancer) IT 569661-21-8 569661-23-0 569661-24-1 569661-26-3 569661-27-4 569661-30-9 569661-32-1 569661-34-3 569661-36-5 RL: PRP (Properties) (unclaimed sequence; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human protein MRP9 and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses for breast, testicular, or pancreatic cancer) L26 ANSWER 9 OF 19 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 6 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:905925 HCAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:8325 TITLE: Vector for targeted delivery to cells INVENTOR(S): Medina-Kauwe, Lali K.; Kedes, Larry H.; Kasahara, Nori University of Southern California, USA PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): PCT Int. Appl., 47 pp. SOURCE: CODEN: PIXXD2 Patent DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: English FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION NO. DATE PATENT NO. KIND DATE ______ 2002094318 A1 20021128 WO 2002-US16111 20020520
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,
LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH,
BL, DT, DO, BU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SI, TJ, TM, TN, TP, TT, TZ _ _ _ _ -----_____ WO 2002094318

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WO 2002094318

A1 20021128 WO 2002-US16111 20020520

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG PRIORITY APPLN. INFO:

US 2001-292192P P 20010518

AB A non-viral single fusion protein vector for targeted cellular delivery which comprises a cell-targeting moiety, such as herugulin; a cell
```

penetration penton moiety; and optionally a polynucleotide binding moiety, such as a polylysine sequence. The vector may further comprise an active agent, such as a therapeutic agent. Compns. comprising the vector and methods of utilizing the compns. are also provided. ICM A61K039-395 A61K031-70; C12N015-00; C12N015-09; C12N015-63; C12N015-70; ICS C12N015-74; A01N043-04

Section cross-reference(s): 2, 8, 9 Antibiotics IT Antitumor agents

Drug delivery systems Drug delivery systems

Dyes

IC

CC

Fluorescent substances

63-5 (Pharmaceuticals)

Gene targeting Gene therapy Genetic vectors Human

Imaging agents

Mammary gland, neoplasm

Molecular cloning

Neoplasm

Permeation enhancers

(fusion protein vector for targeted delivery to cells)

107231-12-9, **Botulin** TT

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(fusion protein vector for targeted delivery to cells)

THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS REFERENCE COUNT: 7 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L26 ANSWER 10 OF 19 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 7

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:736127 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:257666

Compositions and methods using a neurotoxin for TITLE:

treating gonadotrophin-related illnesses

INVENTOR(S): Donovan, Stephen

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Allergan Sales, Inc., USA SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 97 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent English LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO			KIN	D 1	DATE		j	APPL	ICAT	ION I	NO.		D	ATE	
	-			-									-		
WO 200207	1327		A2		2002	0926	1	WO 2	002-1	US73	79		2	0020	311
WO 200207	1327		A3	:	2002	1212									
W: A	Ξ, AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	ΒZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,
C	O, CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,
G	۸, HR,	HU,	ID,	ΙL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	ΚP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,
\mathbf{L}_{i}	5, LT,	LU,	LV,	ΜA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NO,	ΝZ,	OM,	PH,
P	, PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	ТJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,
U.	A, UG,	US,	UΖ,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,	BY,	KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,
\mathbf{T}	J, TM														
RW: G	H, GM,	KΕ,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	ΑT,	ΒE,	CH,
C.	Y, DE,	DK,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	TR,
В	F, BJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	ΝE,	SN,	TD,	TG
US 200217		A1		2002	1128	1	US 2	001-	8106	01		2	0010	315	

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US 6831059
                          B2
                                20041214
     EP 1368053
                          A2
                                20031210
                                            EP 2002-721347
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR
     JP 2004525922
                          T2
                                20040826
                                             JP 2002-573034
                                                                    20020311
                                                                 A 20010315
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                             US 2001-810601
                                             US 2000-692811
                                                                 A2 20001020
                                             WO 2002-US7379
                                                                 W 20020311
OTHER SOURCE(S):
                         MARPAT 137:257666
     The invention discloses an agent comprising a neurotoxin, methods for
     making the agents and methods for treating endocrine disorders, e.g.
     gonadotrophin-related illnesses. Preferably, the agent comprises at least
     a portion of a botulinum toxin.
     ICM A61K038-16
IC
     ICS A61K038-22; A61K038-24; A61K038-48; C12N009-52
     1-10 (Pharmacology)
     Section cross-reference(s): 2
     neurotoxin gonadotrophin related disease treatment;
     endocrine disease treatment neurotoxin;
     botulinum toxin endocrine disease treatment
     Antitumor agents
IT
     Blood-brain barrier
     Drug delivery systems
     Human
     Linking agents
      Mammary gland, neoplasm
     Pancreas, neoplasm
     Prostate gland, neoplasm
        (neurotoxin for treating gonadotrophin-related illness)
IT
     93384-43-1, Botulin A 93384-44-2,
     Botulin B 93384-46-4, Botulin D
     93384-47-5, Botulin E 107231-12-9, Botulin
     107231-13-0, Botulin C1 107231-15-2, Botulin
     F 107231-16-3, Botulin G
     RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic
     use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (neurotoxin for treating gonadotrophin-related
        illness)
L26 ANSWER 11 OF 19 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 8
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         2002:172086 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         136:214954
TITLE:
                         A cancer-associated gene XAGE-1 and its two encoded
                         proteins, and therapeutic uses thereof in cancer
                         treatment
INVENTOR(S):
                         Pastan, Ira H.; Liu, Xiu Fen; Bera, Tapan K.; Lee,
                         Byungkook; Egland, Kristi A.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         United States Dept. of Health and Human Services, USA
SOURCE:
                         PCT Int. Appl., 79 pp.
                         CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
LANGUAGE:
                         English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                                    DATE
     ----<del>-----</del>
                                _____
                                            -----
                                          WO 2001-US27258
     WO 2002018584
                         A2
                               20020307
                                                                    20010831
         W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
             CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
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GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,
             LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PH, PL,
             PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG,
             US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
        RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,
             DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF,
             BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
    AU 2001087004
                          Α5
                                20020313
                                            AU 2001-87004
                                                                   20010831
                                20040506
    US 2004087772
                          Α1
                                            US 2003-363233
                                                                   20030304
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                            US 2000-229684P
                                                                P
                                                                   20000901
                                            WO 2001-US27258
                                                                W 20010831
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The invention relates to the surprising discovery that XAGE-1 is AB translated as two proteins, a 9 kDa protein, termed p9, and a 16.3 kDa protein, termed p16. XAGE-1 gene is cloned from Ewing's sarcoma and expressed sequence tag (EST) database anal. indicates that XAGE-1 is frequently found in Ewing's sarcoma and alveolar rhabdomyosarcoma. invention further relates to the surprising discovery that XAGE-1 is expressed in a number of important human cancers, specifically: prostate cancer, lung cancer, ovarian cancer, breast cancer, glioblastoma, pancreatic cancer, T cell lymphoma, melanoma, and histocytic lymphoma. The proteins p9 and p16, immunogenic fragments thereof, analogs of these proteins, and nucleic acids encoding these proteins, fragments, or analogs, can be administered to persons with XAGE-1 expressing cancers to raise or augment an immune response to the cancer. The gene is located on the X chromosome. It encodes two proteins p16 and p9 (named after the mol. weight), and p9 is a shorter version of p16 only missing 66-amino acid at the N-terminal end. The encoded proteins share homol. with GAGE/PAGE proteins in their COOH-terminal ends. The invention further provides nucleic acid sequences encoding the proteins, as well as expression vectors, host cells, and antibodies to the proteins. Further, the invention provides immunoconjugates that comprise an antibody to p16 or to p9, and an effector mol., such as a label, a radioisotope, or a toxin. The invention also provides methods of inhibiting the growth of XAGE-1 expressing cells by contacting them with immunoconjugates comprising an anti-p9 or p16 antibody and a toxic moiety. Further, the invention provides kits for detecting the presence of p9 or p16 in a sample. findings could be valuable for cancer diagnosis and cancer immunotherapy. The authors' previous expressed sequence tag database anal. indicates that XAGE-1 is frequently found in Ewing's sarcoma and alveolar rhabdomyosarcoma. Using Northern blots and RNA dot blots, the authors have now found that XAGE-1 is highly expressed in normal testis, in seven of eight Ewing's cell lines, in four of nine Ewing's sarcoma patient samples, and in one of one alveolar rhabdomyosarcoma patient sample. gene is located on the X chromosome. The full-length cDNA contains 611 bp and predicts a protein of Mr 16,300 with a potential transmembrane domain at the NH2 terminus. XAGE-1 shares homol. with GAGE/PAGE proteins in the COOH-terminal end. These findings could be valuable for cancer diagnosis and cancer immunotherapy.

IC ICM C12N015-00

CC 14-1 (Mammalian Pathological Biochemistry)
 Section cross-reference(s): 3, 6

IT Toxoids

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(botulin, A to F, XAGE-1 gene related immunotherapeutic drugs
comprising; cancer-associated gene XAGE-1 and two encoded proteins, and
therapeutic uses thereof in cancer treatment)

IT Lung, neoplasm

Mammary gland, neoplasm Melanoma Ovary, neoplasm

Pancreas, neoplasm

(detection of XAGE-1 expression in; cancer-associated gene XAGE-1 and two encoded proteins, and therapeutic uses thereof in cancer treatment)

L26 ANSWER 12 OF 19 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 9

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:171732 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:215419

TITLE: Sensitization of cancer cells to immunotoxin-induced

cell death by transfection with interleukin-13

receptor α2 chain

INVENTOR(S): Puri, Raj K.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): United States Dept. of Health and Human Services, USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 80 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATE	PATENT NO.				KIND DATE			APPLICATION NO.				DATE					
					A2	-	2002	0207			- -				-	0010	315
WO 2	20020	11/9	08		AZ		2002	0307	,	NO 2	001-1	U\$25	663		2	0010	315
WO 2	20020	1796	58		A 3		2002	0418									
WO 2	20020	179	58		C2		2002	0704									
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	ΒZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,
		CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,
		GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	ΚP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,
		LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT,
		RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	TJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,
		UZ,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,	BY,	KG,	KZ,	MD,	RU,	TJ,	TM		
	RW:	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZW,	AT,	BE,	CH,	CY,
		DE,	DK,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PΤ,	SE,	TR,	BF,
		ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG	
AU 2	2001	0849	78		A5		2002	0313	7	AU 2	001-	8497	8		2	0010	315
US 2	2004	1369	59		A1		2004	0715	Ţ	JS 2	003-	2509	98		2	0030	708
PRIORITY	APPI	LN.	INFO	. :					τ	JS 2	000-	22984	42P	3	P 2	0000	331
									1	NO 2	001-1	JS25	663	1	W 2	0010	315

- AB The author discloses that cancer cells that have little or no expression of the IL-13 receptor (IL-13R) can bind IL-13R-targeted immunoconjugates, such as immunotoxins, after transfection with the IL-13R $\alpha 2$ chain. For some cancers, transfection with the IL-13R $\alpha 2$ chain alone inhibits tumor growth. In one example, using a plasmid vector, pancreatic cancer cells were transfected with IL-13R $\alpha 2$ chain. The transfected cells showed enhanced binding to the IL-13 ligand and became susceptible to the cytotoxic activity of an IL-13-Pseudomonas exotoxin chimera.
- IC ICM A61K048-00
 - ICS A61P035-00
- CC 15-5 (Immunochemistry)

Section cross-reference(s): 1, 8

IT Antitumor agents

(mammary gland; sensitization of cancer cells to immunotoxin-induced cell death by transfection with interleukin-13 receptor $\alpha 2$ chain)

IT Mammary gland

Prostate gland

(neoplasm, inhibitors; sensitization of cancer cells to immunotoxin-induced cell death by transfection with interleukin-13 receptor $\alpha 2$ chain)

IT 9001-99-4D, Ribonuclease, conjugates with interleukin-13 targeting mols.

93384-43-1D, Botulinum toxin A, conjugates
with interleukin-13 targeting mols. 93384-44-2D, Botulin
B, conjugates with interleukin-13 targeting mols. 93384-45-3D,
Botulin C, conjugates with interleukin-13 targeting mols.
93384-46-4D, Botulin D, conjugates with interleukin-13
targeting mols. 93384-47-5D, Botulin E, conjugates
with interleukin-13 targeting mols. 107231-15-2D,
Botulin F, conjugates with interleukin-13 targeting mols.
113440-58-7D, Calicheamicin, conjugates with interleukin-13 targeting
mols.
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (transfection of cancer cells with interleukin-13 receptor α2
 chain for sensitization to)

L26 ANSWER 13 OF 19 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 10

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:540137 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:73251

TITLE: Methods for treating mammary gland

disorders

INVENTOR(S): Brin, Mitchell F.; Donovan, Stephen

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Allergan Sales, Inc., USA

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 19 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.

Ser. No. 631,221. CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 4

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA'	TENT	NO.			KIN)	DATE				ICAT:				Ι	ATE	
US	2002	0943	 39		A1		2002	0718							2	0020	208
US	6139	845			Α		2000	1031		US 1	999-	4548	42		1	9991	207
CA	2478	902			AA		2004	0826		CA 2	003-	2478	902		2	0030	204
WO	2004	0715	25		A1		2004	0826		WO 2	003-1	US34	79		2	0030	204
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	ΑU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	ВG,	BR,	BY,	ΒZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,
		CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DΖ,	EC,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,
		GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	ΚE,	KG,	ΚP,	KR,	KZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,
		LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NO,	NZ,	OM,	PH,
		PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	ТJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,
		UA,	UG,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW							
	RW:	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	ŪĠ,	ZM,	ZW,	ΑM,	ΑZ,	BY,
		KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,	TJ,	TM,	AT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,
		FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,
		ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	ΝE,	SN,	TD,	TG	
EP	1492	561			A1		2005	0105		EP 2	003-	8153	38		2	0030	204
	R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
		ΙE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FI,	RO,	MK,	CY,	AL,	TR,	BG,	CZ,	ΕE,	HU,	SK	
BR	2003	0074	96		Α		2005	0628		BR 2	003-	7496			2	0030	204
US	2005	0316	48		A1		2005	0210		US 2	004-	9290	40		2	0040	827
PRIORIT	Y APP	LN.	INFO	. :						US 1	999-	4548	42		A2 1	9991	207
										US 2	000-	6312	21		A2 2	0000	802
										US 2	002-	7182	6		A 2	0020	208
										WO 2	003-1	US34	79		W 2	0030	204

AB A method for treating a mammary gland disorder, including hyperplastic, hypertonic, cystic and/or neoplastic mammary gland tissue by local administration of a botulinum toxin to or to the vicinity of the afflicted breast tissue is described.

IC ICM A61K039-08

INCL 424247100

```
CC
     1-6 (Pharmacology)
     treating mammary gland disorder
ST
     botulinum toxin
TΤ
     Proteins
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (DP (docking protein), as substrate for botulinum
        toxin; methods for treating mammary gland
        disorders)
IT
     Proteins
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (SNAP-25 (synaptosome-associated protein, 25 kDa), as substrate for
        botulinum toxin; methods for treating
        mammary gland disorders)
     Synaptobrevins
IT
     Syntaxins
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (as substrate for botulinum toxin; methods for
        treating mammary gland disorders)
     Mammary gland, disease
TT
        (blunt duct adenosis; methods for treating mammary gland
        disorders)
IT
     Exocytosis
        (botulinum toxin inhibiting vesicle-mediated, from
        hyperplastic tissue; methods for treating mammary
        gland disorders)
     Mammary gland, neoplasm
ΙT
        (carcinoma; methods for treating mammary gland
        disorders)
IT
     Mammary gland, disease
        (cyst; methods for treating mammary gland
        disorders)
IT
     Mammary gland, disease
        (duct papilloma; methods for treating mammary gland
        disorders)
IT
     Mammary gland, neoplasm
        (fibroadenoma; methods for treating mammary gland
        disorders)
IT
     Mammary gland, disease
        (hyperplasia; methods for treating mammary gland
        disorders)
     Mammary gland, disease
IT
        (hypertonic; methods for treating mammary gland
        disorders)
IT
     Drug delivery systems
        (implants; methods for treating mammary gland
        disorders)
IT
     Drug delivery systems
        (injections; methods for treating mammary gland
        disorders)
IT
     Adenoma
        (mammary fibroadenoma; methods for treating mammary
        qland disorders)
IT
     Carcinoma
       Cyst, pathological
     Hyperplasia
        (mammary; methods for treating mammary gland
        disorders)
IT
     Human
       Mammary gland
       Mammary gland, disease
```

Alana Harris 10/071,826 Mammary gland, neoplasm (methods for treating mammary gland disorders) Clostridium IT Clostridium botulinum (neurotoxin of; methods for treating mammary gland disorders) IT Toxins RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (neurotoxins, of Clostridium; methods for treating mammary gland disorders) IT Mammary gland, disease (proliferative; methods for treating mammary gland disorders) Mammary gland, disease TT (sclerosing adenosis; methods for treating mammary gland disorders) IT 93384-43-1, Botulin A 93384-44-2, Botulin B 93384-45-3, Botulin C 93384-46-4, Botulin D 93384-47-5, Botulin E 107231-12-9, Botulin 107231-15-2, Botulin F 107231-16-3, Botulin G RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (methods for treating mammary gland disorders) L26 ANSWER 14 OF 19 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:907158 HCAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:665 TITLE: Compositions and methods for treating gonadotrophin related illnesses INVENTOR(S): Donovan, Stephen PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Allergan Sales, Inc., USA; Allergan, Inc. SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 36 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 692,811. CODEN: USXXCO DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2002177545	A1	20021128	US 2001-810601	20010315
US 6831059	B2	20041214		
US 6827931	B1	20041207	US 2000-692811	20001020
ES 2218444	T 3	20041116	ES 2001-1964282	20010821
WO 2002074327	A2	20020926	WO 2002-US7379	20020311
WO 2002074327	A3	20021212		
W: AE, AG,	AL, AM, AT	, AU, AZ, E	BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ,	CA, CH, CN,
CO, CR,	CU, CZ, DE	, DK, DM, I	DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB,	GD, GE, GH,
GM, HR,	HU, ID, IL	, IN, IS, J	JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ,	LC, LK, LR,
LS, LT,	LU, LV, MA	, MD, MG, N	MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO,	NZ, OM, PH,
\mathtt{PL} , \mathtt{PT} ,	RO, RU, SD	, SE, SG, S	SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN,	TR, TT, TZ,
UA, UG,	US, UZ, VN	, YU, ZA, 2	ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG,	KZ, MD, RU,
TJ, TM				
RW: GH, GM,	KE, LS, MW	, MZ, SD, S	SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW,	AT, BE, CH,
CY, DE,	DK, ES, FI	, FR, GB, C	GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,	PT, SE, TR,
BF, BJ,	CF, CG, CI	, CM, GA, C	GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE,	SN, TD, TG

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20031210
                                            EP 2002-721347
                                                                    20020311
    EP 1368053
                          A2
            AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR
                                20040826
                                            JP 2002-573034
                                                                    20020311
     JP 2004525922
                          T2
                                            US 2000-692811
                                                                A2 20001020
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO .:
                                            US 2001-810601
                                                                A 20010315
                                                                W 20020311
                                            WO 2002-US7379
OTHER SOURCE(S):
                         MARPAT 138:665
    The present invention relates to an agent comprising a neurotoxin, methods
     for making the agents and methods for treating endocrine disorders, for
     example qonadotrophin-related illnesses. Preferably, the agent comprises
     at least a portion of a botulinum toxin.
     ICM A61K038-16
     ICS A61K038-10; A61K038-08
INCL 514002000; 514012000; 514015000
     2-5 (Mammalian Hormones)
     Section cross-reference(s): 1, 63
ST
     qonadotrophin disease neurotoxin botulinum sequence
IT
     Gonadotropin-releasing hormone receptor
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (GnRH; botulin compns. and methods for treating
        gonadotrophin-related illnesses)
IT
     Antitumor agents
     Blood-brain barrier
     Drug delivery systems
     Human
       Mammary gland, neoplasm
     Pancreas, neoplasm
     Prostate gland, neoplasm
        (botulin compns. and methods for treating
        gonadotrophin-related illnesses)
     Peptides, biological studies
IT
     RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PRP (Properties); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (botulin compns. and methods for treating
        gonadotrophin-related illnesses)
IT
     Toxins
     RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PRP (Properties); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (butyricum; botulin compns. and methods for treating
        gonadotrophin-related illnesses)
IT
     Uterus, disease
        (endometriosis; botulin compns. and methods for
        treating gonadotrophin-related illnesses)
IT
     Uterus, neoplasm
        (endometrium; botulin compns. and methods for
        treating gonadotrophin-related illnesses)
IT
     Puberty
        (precocious puberty; botulin compns. and methods for
        treating gonadotrophin-related illnesses)
TΤ
     RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PRP (Properties); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (tetanus; botulin compns. and methods for treating
        gonadotrophin-related illnesses)
     Biological transport
IT
        (uptake; botulin compns. and methods for treating
        gonadotrophin-related illnesses)
     59131-98-5 93384-43-1, Botulin a 93384-44-2,
IT
     Botulin b 93384-46-4, Botulin d
```

93384-47-5, Botulin e 107231-12-9, Botulin 107231-13-0, Botulin c1 107231-15-2, Botulin

f 107231-16-3, Botulin g

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(botulin compns. and methods for treating

gonadotrophin-related illnesses)

REFERENCE COUNT: 34 THERE ARE 34 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L26 ANSWER 15 OF 19 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 2005 THE THOMSON CORP on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002-362353 [39] WPIDS

DOC. NO. CPI: C2002-102590

TITLE: New monoclonal antibody which specifically binds and

forms complex with TIP-2 antigen located on surface of human cancer cells, useful for diagnosing and treating

cancer in a human subject.

DERWENT CLASS: B04 D16

INVENTOR(S): CANFIELD, R; KALANTAROV, G; RUDCHENKO, S; TRAKHT, I

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): (UYCO) UNIV COLUMBIA NEW YORK

COUNTRY COUNT: 97

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO KIND DATE WEEK LA PG

WO 2002022851 A2 20020321 (200239)* EN 276

RW: AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW MZ NL OA PT SD SE SL SZ TR TZ UG ZW

W: AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ PH PL PT RO

RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT TZ UA UG UZ VN YU ZA ZW

AU 2001092782 A 20020326 (200251)

EP 1326894 A2 20030716 (200347) EN

R: AL AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LT LU LV MC MK NL PT

RO SE SI TR

JP 2004518630 W 20040624 (200442) 406

APPLICATION DETAILS:

PATENT NO	KIND	APPLICATION	DATE
WO 2002022851 AU 2001092782	A2 A	WO 2001-US29242 AU 2001-92782	20010918
EP 1326894	A2	EP 2001-973176	20010918
JP 2004518630	W	WO 2001-US29242 WO 2001-US29242	20010918 20010918
		JP 2002-527293	20010918

FILING DETAILS:

PATENT NO	KIND	PATENT NO
AU 2001092782	A Based on	WO 2002022851
EP 1326894	A2 Based on	WO 2002022851
JP 2004518630	W Based on	WO 2002022851

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: US 2000-664958 20000918

AB WO 200222851 A UPAB: 20020621

NOVELTY - A monoclonal antibody (I) which specifically binds and forms a

complex with TIP-2 antigen located on the surface of human cancer cells, where (I) binds to the same antigen as monoclonal antibody 27.B1 or 27 produced by hybridoma 27.B1 or 27 of ATCC Designation Number PTA-1599 or 1598, respectively, is new.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for the following:

- (1) a hybridoma cell (II) producing (I);
- (2) treating (M1) cancer in a human subject involves:
- (a) evoking a specific immune response by administering to the subject a whole TIP-2 antigen protein or its peptide fragment to the subject, or by removing dendritic cells from the subject, contacting the dendritic cells with a whole TIP-2 antigen protein or its peptide and reintroducing the dendritic cells into the subject; or
- (b) inducing apoptosis of cancer cells, by administering to the subject a whole TIP-2 antigen protein or its peptide fragment to the subject;
- (3) an isolated peptide (III) having the sequence Lys-Leu-Leu-Gly-Gly-Gln-Ile-Gly-Leu or Ser-Leu-Leu-Gly-Cys-Arg-His-Tyr-Glu-Val:
- (4) a kit (IV) for detecting the presence of TIP-2 antigen-bearing cancer cells in a sample, comprises a solid support having several covalently linked probes which may be the same or different, each probe of which comprises a monoclonal antibody directed to an epitope on TIP-2 antigen or its Fab fragment, and unit for determining the presence of monoclonal antibody/Fab fragment-TIP-2 antigen complex;
- (5) diagnosing (M2) cancer associated with the expression of TIP-2: antigen in a human subject, involves:
- (a) obtaining mRNA from a sample of the subject's peripheral blood, preparing cDNA from the mRNA, amplifying DNA encoding TIP-2 antigen present in the cDNA by a polymerase chain reaction (PCR) utilizing at least two oligonucleotide primers, where each of the primer specifically hybridizes with DNA encoding TIP-2 antigen, where the primers comprise oligonucleotides having a sequence as given in the specification, and detecting the presence of any resulting amplified DNA, where the presence of such amplified DNA is diagnostic for cancer associated with the expression of TIP-2 antigen; or
- (b) obtaining mRNA from a sample of the subject's peripheral blood, preparing cDNA from the mRNA, amplifying DNA encoding TIP-2 antigen present in the cDNA, determining the amount of any resulting amplified DNA, and comparing the amount of amplified DNA determined with previously determined standard amounts of amplified DNA, where each standard amount is indicative of a particular stage of cancer associated with the expression of TIP-2 antigen; and
- (6) a composition (V) which comprises a suitable carrier and a monoclonal antibody produced by fusing a lymphoid cell capable of producing antibody with a trioma cell which does not produce any antibody and is obtained by fusing a heteromyeloma cell which does not produce any antibody with a human lymphoid cell so as to form tetroma cells, incubating the tetroma cells under conditions permissive for the production of antibody by the tetroma cells, to produce the monoclonal antibody and recovering the monoclonal antibody so produced.

ACTIVITY - Cytostatic; antitumor; dermatological; antithyroid; immunosuppressive; antirheumatic; antiarthritic; antibacterial; virucide.

MECHANISM OF ACTION - Inducer of apoptosis of TIP-2 antigen bearing cells (claimed). No supporting data is given.

USE - (I) is useful for detecting TIP-2 antigen bearing cancer cells, for diagnosing cancer in a subject by detecting TIP-2 antigen-bearing cancer cells, for in vivo diagnosis of cancer in a subject, for delivering exogenous material to TIP-2 antigen-bearing cancer cells of a human subject, for treating cancer in a human subject, for inducing apoptosis of

TIP-2 antigen bearing cells, for immunohistochemical screening of a tissue section from a tumor sample for the presence of TIP-2 antigen bearing cancer cells, for detecting the presence of TIP-2 antigen in biological fluid, and for monitoring progression of cancer, where the cancer cells are TIP-2 antigen-bearing cancer cells, in a subject. (V) is useful for treating or preventing a condition in a subject who previously exhibited the condition, where the condition is associated with cancer (thyroid, breast or prostate cancer), tumor (benign), toxin (tetanus, anthrax, botulinum, snake venom or spider venom), infectious agent (such as Hanta virus, HTLV I, HTLV II, HIV, herpes virus, influenza, Ebola, human papilloma virus, Staphylococcus, Streptococcus, Klebsiella, Escherichia coli, anthrax or Cryptococcus), enzyme dysfunction (hyperactivity or overproduction of the enzyme), hormone dysfunction (hyperactivity or overproduction of the hormone), autoimmune disease (lupus, thyroiditis, graft versus host disease, transplantation rejection or rheumatoid arthritis), immune dysfunction (CD3 or CD4 mediated), viral antigen, bacterial antigen, eukaryotic antigen, rejection of a transplanted tissue, or the condition is septicemia, sepsis, septic shock, viremia, bacteremia, fungemia (claimed). Dwg.0/42

L26 ANSWER 16 OF 19 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 11

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:489224 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:97445

TITLE: Method for relieving pain associated with an internal

disease site

INVENTOR(S): Luiken, George A.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fluoro Probe, Inc., USA SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 31 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATE	NT NO.			KIN	D	DATE			APPL	ICAT:	ION I	NO.		D	ATE	
					-									_		
WO 2	0010475	12		A2		2001	0705		WO 2	000-1	US42	661		2	0001	206
WO 2	0010475	12		A 3		2002	0502									
1	W: AE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,
	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,
	HU,	ID,	ΙL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KΕ,	KG,	ΚP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,
	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,
	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	ТJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	ŪĠ,	US,	UZ,	VN,
	YU,	ZA,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,	BY,	KG,	KZ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	\mathbf{TM}				
	RW: GH,	GM,	KΕ,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TŻ,	ŪĠ,	ZW,	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	CY,
	DE,	DK,	ES,	FΙ,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	TR,	BF,
	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,	GW,	ML,	MR,	ΝE,	SN,	TD,	TG		
AU 2	0010490	41		A 5		2001	0709		AU 2	001-	4904	1		2	0001	206
PRIORITY .	APPLN.	INFO	.:					•	US 1	999-	4574	98	Ž	A1 1	9991:	208
								•	WO 2	000-1	US42	661	Ţ	W 2	0001	206
3.70 34 - 4-1-				a e						المناط فالما			·	-14		-J

AB Methods are provided for in vivo administration of a pain-relieving drug, such as a local anesthetic (e.g. lidocaine), to an interior disease site for pain relief at the interior disease site. In the invention pain treatment methods, a subject is administered a targeting construct comprising a biol. compatible pain-relieving agent and a tumor-avid ligand or monoclonal antibody that preponderantly binds to or is taken up by the tissue associated with an interior disease site. Administration is by a method other than topical injection or application, such as parenteral

injection. Because the pain-relieving agent is delivered by the ligand to the disease site, intractable pain situated in the interior of the body, such as is caused by various tumors, can be managed using a lower level of the pain-relieving agent then is required when the pain-relieving agent is injected in the free state.

IC ICM A61K031-00

CC 63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)

Section cross-reference(s): 1

IT Toxoids

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (botulin; pain-relieving agent-tumor avid ligand or antibody constructs for targeting internal disease site)

IT Bladder

Endocrine system

Head

_ Mammary gland

Neck, anatomical Pituitary gland

Prostate gland

(neoplasm; pain-relieving agent-tumor avid ligand
or antibody constructs for targeting internal disease site)

L26 ANSWER 17 OF 19 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 12

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:614258 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

131:227652

TITLE:

Human monoclonal antibodies from tetroma cells

INVENTOR(S):

Trakht, Ilya

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

The Trustees of Columbia University In the City of New

York, USA

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 86 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA	PATENT NO.					KIND			AP	APPLICATION NO.					DATE				
WO	9947	929			A1	-	1999	0923	WO	1999-	US58:	28		=	9990	318			
					MX,														
	RW:	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	CY,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FI, F	R, GB,	GR,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,			
		PT,	SE																
US	6197	582			В1		2001	0306	US	1998-	4083	3		-	19980	318			
CA	2323	681			AA		1999	0923	CA	1999-	2323	681		-	L9990	318			
AU	9931	889			A1		1999	1011	ΑU	1999-	3188	9		-	L9990	318			
EP	1064	551			A1		2001	0103	EP	1999-	9139	25		-	L9990	318			
	R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB, G	R, IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE	MC,	PT,			
		IE,	•		•		•	•	•										
JР	2002	•			Т2		2002	0312	JP	2000-	5370	73		-	19990	318			
PRIORITY				. :					US	1998-	4083	3	I	A2 :	19980	318			
									WO	1999-	US58	28	V	v	L9990	318			

AB The author discloses the preparation of antibody-non-producing heteromyeloma and trioma cells from the fusion of human and mouse myeloma and human lymphoid cells, resp. The trioma cell fusion partner, when again fused with a human lymphoid cell, provides a tetroma capable of producing a monoclonal antibody having specific binding affinity for antigen. The invention thus provides a method of producing a monoclonal antibody with specificity for cells, tissue, or disease state. The author also discloses therapeutic and diagnostic application of these tetroma-derived monoclonal antibodies.

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IC
     ICM G01N033-53
     ICS G01N033-567; C07K016-00; A61K039-395; A61K039-42
CC
     15-1 (Immunochemistry)
     Section cross-reference(s): 1, 8, 14, 63
IT
     Immunoglobulins
     RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); ANST
     (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES
        (M, monoclonal; to breast and prostate cancer
        antigens)
IT
     Mammary gland
       Mammary gland
     Prostate gland
     Prostate gland
        (neoplasm, inhibitors; tetroma-derived monoclonal antibodies
        as)
IT
     107231-12-9, Botulin
     RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BIOL (Biological study)
        (tetroma-derived monoclonal antibodies as therapy against)
                               THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
REFERENCE COUNT:
                         2
                               RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
L26 ANSWER 18 OF 19 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 13
                         1999:529160 HCAPLUS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         131:165335
                         Sphingolipid derivatives, their preparation, and their
TITLE:
                         therapeutic use
                         Liotta, Dennis C.; Merrill, Alfred H., Jr.; Keane,
INVENTOR (S):
                         Thomas E.; Schmelz, Eva M.; Bhalla, Kapil N.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         Emory University, USA
SOURCE:
                         PCT Int. Appl., 140 pp.
                         CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
LANGUAGE:
                         English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO.
                                                                  DATE
     _____
                         ____
                                _____
                                            ______
                                                                   -----
     WO 9941266
                         A1
                                19990819
                                           WO 1999-US3093
                                                                   19990212
            AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE,
             ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LS,
             LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD,
             SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, AM, AZ, BY,
             KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,
             PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                                            CA 1999-2320117
                                                                   19990212
     CA 2320117
                          AΑ
                                19990819
     AU 9927644
                          Α1
                                19990830
                                            AU 1999-27644
                                                                   19990212
     AU 765809
                          B2
                                20031002
                                20001122
                                            EP 1999-908143
                                                                   19990212
     EP 1053243
                          A1
         R: DE, FR, GB, IT, IE
                                20030826
     US 6610835
                          B1
                                            US 1999-249211
                                                                   19990212
                                            US 2003-647801
                                                                   20030825
     US 2004039212
                          Α1
                                20040226
```

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 131:165335

AB Derivs. of sphingolipids (Markush included) are provided. The compds. are useful in the treatment of abnormal cell proliferation, including benign

US 1998-74536P

US 1999-249211

WO 1999-US3093

P 19980212

A1 19990212

W 19990212

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

and malignant tumors, the promotion of cell differentiation, the induction of apoptosis, the inhibition of protein kinase C, and the treatment of inflammatory conditions, psoriasis, inflammatory bowel disease as well as proliferation of smooth muscle cells in the course of development of plaques in vascular tissue. The invention also includes a method for triggering the release of cytochrome c from mitochondria that includes administering an effective amount of a sphingolipid or its derivative or prodrug

to a host in need thereof. Further, the invention provides a method for treating bacterial infections, including those that influence colon cancer and other disorders of the intestine, that includes administering an effective amount of one of the active compds. identified herein.

IC ICM C07H015-10

ICS C07F009-08; C07F009-22; A61K031-70; A61K031-66

CC 1-12 (Pharmacology)

Section cross-reference(s): 26, 63

IT Clostridium botulinum

(B, neurotoxin; sphingolipid derivative preparation and therapeutic use)

IT Mammary gland

Mammary gland

(neoplasm, inhibitors; sphingolipid derivative preparation and therapeutic use)

IT Toxins

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BIOL (Biological study) (neurotoxins, Clostridium botulinum type B;

sphingolipid derivative preparation and therapeutic use)

REFERENCE COUNT: 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L26 ANSWER 19 OF 19 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:709004 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:321545

TITLE: Methods of selecting internalizing antibodies

INVENTOR(S): Marks, James D.; Poul, Marie-alix; Becerril, Baltazar

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): The Regents of the University of California, USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 88 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA	rent 1	NO.			KINI)	DATE		1	APPL	ICAT:	I NOI	1O.		DA	ATE	
WO	9956	 129			A1	-	1999:	1104		VO 19	 999-t	JS846	 58		19	99904	122
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		DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,
		JP,	ΚĔ,	KG,	KP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MD,	MG,	MK,
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		ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,
		CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	G₩,	ML,	MR,	ΝE,	SN,	TD,	TG					
US	2001	00879	59		A1		2001	719	Ţ	JS 19	999-2	24952	29		19	9902	212
US	6794	128			B2		2004	921									
CA	2326	499			AA		1999:	1104	(CA 19	999-2	23264	199		19	9904	122
ΑU	9938	622			A1		1999:	1116	1	AU 19	999-3	38622	2		19	9904	122
ΑU	7687	84			B2		20040	108									

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20010207
                                           EP 1999-921396
     EP 1073905
                          Α1
                                                                   19990422
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, FI
                          T2
                                20020508
                                            JP 2000-546239
                                                                   19990422
     JP 2002513156
     US 2005037339
                          A1
                                20050217
                                            US 2004-855755
                                                                   20040526
                                                                P 19980424
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                            US 1998-82953P
                                            US 1999-249529
                                                                A 19990212
                                            WO 1999-US8468
                                                                W 19990422
     This invention provides methods of selecting antibodies that are
AB
     internalized into target cells. The methods generally involve contacting
     target cells with one or more members of an antibody phage display
     library, shown in the figure. The members of the phage display library
     are also contacted with cells of subtractive cell line. The target cells
     are then washed to remove the subtractive cell line cells and members of
     phage display library that are non-specifically bound or weakly bound to
     the target cells. The target cells are cultured under conditions where
     members of the phage display library can be internalized if bound to an
     internalizing marker and internalized members of the phage display library
     are then identified.
IC
     ICM G01N033~566
     ICS G01N033-543; G01N033-551; C12Q001-00; C12N007-00; C12N015-00;
          A61K038-00; C07K016-00
CC
     15-3 (Immunochemistry)
     Section cross-reference(s): 2, 3
IT
     Toxoids
     RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
     THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (botulin; identification of internalizing antibody or
        receptor ligand prepared from phage display library for diagnosis and
        treatment of)
IT
     Mammary gland
        (neoplasm; identification of internalizing antibody or
        receptor ligand prepared from phage display library for diagnosis and
        treatment of)
REFERENCE COUNT:
                         3
                               THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
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FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 13:45:26 ON 25 AUG 2005
FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 13:45:26 ON 25 AUG 2005
Copyright (c) 2005 The Thomson Corporation
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L1
L2
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L3
             1) SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON
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L4
             1) SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON
                                    "BOTULIN E"/CN
L5
             1) SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON
                                    "BOTULIN F"/CN
L6
             1) SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON
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"BOTULIN G"/CN

1) SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON

L7

L8	7 SEA ABB=ON P	LU=ON	(L1 OR L2 OR L3 OR L4 OR L5 OR L6 OR L7)
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L9	0 SEA ABB=ON P		
L10	E MAMMARY GLA		BOTULINUM TOXINS+NT/CT
L11			L10 AND MAMMARY
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	132968 SEA ABB=ON P		•
L13			
	106901 SEA ABB≃ON P		•
L15	8784 SEA ABB=ON P	LU=ON	BOTULIN?
L16	6 SEA ABB=ON P	LU=ON	L15 AND L14
L17	9 SEA ABB=ON P	LU=ON	L13 OR L16
	FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT		
L18	8010 SEA ABB=ON P	LU=ON	BOTULIN?
L19	198271 SEA ABB=ON P	LU=ON	MAMMARY OR BREAST
L20	22 SEA ABB=ON P	LU=ON	L18 AND L19
L21	7308 SEA ABB=ON P	LU=ON	(BOTULIN?/TI,IT)
L22	16 SEA ABB=ON P	LU=ON	L21 AND L20
L23	176238 SEA ABB=ON P	LU=ON	(MAMMARY OR BREAST)/TI,IT
L24	13 SEA ABB=ON P	LU=ON	L23 AND L20
L25	9 SEA ABB=ON P	LU=ON	L24 AND L22
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FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 13:45:38 ON 25 AUG 2005

FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 13:45:38 ON 25 AUG 2005 Copyright (c) 2005 The Thomson Corporation

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=> d que
           6113 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON PLU=ON BOTULINUM TOXINS+NT/CT
L10
         132968 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON PLU=ON BREAST DISEASES+NT/CT
L12
L13
              8 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON PLU=ON L12 AND L10
L14
         106901 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON PLU=ON L12/MAJ
L15
           8784 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON PLU=ON BOTULIN?
L16
             6 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON
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L17
             9 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON PLU=ON L13 OR L16
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           8010 SEA FILE=BIOSIS ABB=ON PLU=ON BOTULIN?
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         198271 SEA FILE=BIOSIS ABB=ON
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                                       PLU=ON L18 AND L19
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           7308 SEA FILE=BIOSIS ABB=ON
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L25
             9 SEA FILE=BIOSIS ABB=ON
                                       PLU=ON L24 AND L22
L26
             17 DUP REM L17 L25 (1 DUPLICATE REMOVED)
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=> d ibib ab ct 1-17

L26 ANSWER 1 OF 17 MEDLINE ON STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005411263 MEDLINE DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 15953639

TITLE: Botulinum toxin for palliative treatment of epiphora in a

patient with canalicular obstruction.

AUTHOR: Tu Alexander H; Chang Eli L

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Ophthalmic Plastic, Orbital and

Reconstructive Surgery, Doheny Eye Institute, Keck School

of Medicine, University of Southern California, Los

Angeles, California 90033, USA.

SOURCE: Ophthalmology, (2005 Aug) 112 (8) 1469-71.

Journal code: 7802443. ISSN: 1549-4713.

PUB. COUNTRY: United States DOCUMENT TYPE: (CASE REPORTS)

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 200508

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20050803

Last Updated on STN: 20050817 Entered Medline: 20050816

AB OBJECTIVE: To describe the use of botulinum toxin injection of the lacrimal gland for palliative treatment of epiphora secondary to canalicular obstruction from docetaxel therapy. DESIGN: Case report. INTERVENTION: A 50-year-old female with bilateral canalicular obstruction secondary to docetaxel therapy received botulinum toxin injections (5 units each) into the lacrimal glands of both eyes. RESULTS: Symptomatic epiphora of the affected eyes was reduced after 2 weeks. No side effects were observed. CONCLUSIONS: Botulinum toxin injection of the lacrimal gland is an effective palliative treatment for epiphora secondary to canalicular obstruction from docetaxel therapy.

CT Check Tags: Female

Antineoplastic Agents, Phytogenic: AE, adverse effects

*Botulinum Toxin Type A: TU, therapeutic use

Breast Neoplasms: DT, drug therapy

Humans

Injections

*Lacrimal Apparatus: DE, drug effects

Lacrimal Apparatus Diseases: CI, chemically induced *Lacrimal Apparatus Diseases: DT, drug therapy

*Lacrimal Duct Obstruction: CI, chemically induced

Middle Aged

*Neuromuscular Agents: TU, therapeutic use

*Palliative Care

Taxoids: AE, adverse effects

L26 ANSWER 2 OF 17 MEDLINE on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005256803 MEDLINE PubMed ID: 15897241 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

Strongylophorine-26, a Rho-dependent inhibitor of tumor TITLE:

cell invasion that reduces actin stress fibers and induces

nonpolarized lamellipodial extensions.

McHardy Lianne M; Warabi Kaoru; Andersen Raymond J; **AUTHOR:**

Roskelley Calvin D; Roberge Michel

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology,

University of British Columbia, 2146 Health Sciences Mall,

Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada V6T 1Z3, USA.

Molecular cancer therapeutics, (2005 May) 4 (5) 772-8. Journal code: 101132535. ISSN: 1535-7163. SOURCE:

United States PUB. COUNTRY:

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE) DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE: English

Priority Journals FILE SEGMENT:

200508 ENTRY MONTH:

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20050518

Last Updated on STN: 20050810 Entered Medline: 20050809

Strongylophorine-26, a new meroditerpenoid, was recently identified as an AB inhibitor of cancer cell invasion. This study was undertaken to characterize its mechanism of action. We find that strongylophorine-26 inhibits the motility of MDA-MB-231 breast carcinoma cells on a plastic surface. Upon addition of strongylophorine-26, rapid cell contraction and depolarization occurred, followed by spreading and flattening of the entire cell. Treated cells exhibited increased membrane ruffling throughout and extended lamellipodia in all directions. Strongylophorine-26 induced a decrease in actin stress fibers, a dramatic increase in the size and number of focal adhesions, and the appearance of a dense meshwork of actin filaments around the cell periphery. Strongylophorine-26 caused a transient activation of the small GTPase Rho and treatment with the Rho inhibitor C3 exoenzyme abrogated the anti-invasive activity of strongylophorine-26. These effects are distinct from those of many motility and angiogenesis inhibitors that seem to act by a common mechanism involving the induction of actin stress fibers. This difference in mechanism of action sets strongylophorine-26 apart as an experimental anticancer agent and indicates that pharmacologic inhibition of cell migration may be achieved by mechanisms not involving the stabilization of actin stress fibers.

Check Tags: Female CT

ADP Ribose Transferases: ME, metabolism

*Actins: ME, metabolism

Botulinum Toxins: ME, metabolism *Breast Neoplasms: ME, metabolism

Breast Neoplasms: PA, pathology

Cell Membrane: ME, metabolism

*Cell Movement: DE, drug effects

*Diterpenes: PD, pharmacology

*Focal Adhesions: DE, drug effects

Humans

*Neoplasm Invasiveness: PC, prevention & control

Pseudopodia: ME, metabolism Research Support, Non-U.S. Gov't *Stress Fibers: DE, drug effects

Tumor Cells, Cultured

*rho GTP-Binding Proteins: PH, physiology

L26 ANSWER 3 OF 17 MEDLINE ON STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004491426 MEDLINE
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 15383788

TITLE: Botulinum toxin infiltration for pain control after

mastectomy and expander reconstruction.

AUTHOR: Layeeque Rakhshanda; Hochberg Julio; Siegel Eric; Kunkel

Kelly; Kepple Julie; Henry-Tillman Ronda S; Dunlap Melinda;

Seibert John; Klimberg V Suzanne

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Surgery, Division of Breast Surgical

Oncology, University of Arkansas for Medical Sciences, Arkansas Cancer Research Center, and the Central Arkansas Veterans Hospital System, Little Rock, Arkansas, USA.

Annals of surgery, (2004 Oct) 240 (4) 608-13; discussion

613-4.

Journal code: 0372354. ISSN: 0003-4932.

PUB. COUNTRY: United States
DOCUMENT TYPE: (CLINICAL TRIAL)

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

SOURCE:

FILE SEGMENT: Abridged Index Medicus Journals; Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 200410

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20041005

Last Updated on STN: 20041022 Entered Medline: 20041021

AB INTRODUCTION: We hypothesized botulinum toxin (BT) infiltration of the chest wall musculature after mastectomy would create a prolonged inhibition of muscle spasm and postoperative pain, facilitating tissue expander reconstruction. METHODS: An Institutional Review Board (IRB) -approved prospective study was conducted of all patients undergoing mastectomy with tissue expander placement during a 2-year period. Study patients versus controls had 100 units of diluted BT injected into the pectoralis major, serratus anterior, and rectus abdominis insertion. Pain was scored using a visual analog scale of 0 to 10. Wilcoxon rank sum test was used for continuous variables and the chi2 test for nominal level data to test for significance. RESULTS: Forty-eight patients were entered into the study; 22 (46%) with and 26 (54%) without BT infiltration. Groups were comparable in terms of age (55 +/- 11 years versus 52 +/- 10 years; P = 0.46), bilateral procedure (59% versus 61%; P = 0.86), tumor size (2 +/-2 cm versus 2 +/- 3 cm; P = 0.4), expander size and volume (429 +/- 119 mL versus 510 +/- 138 mL; P = 0.5). The BT group did significantly better with pain postoperatively (score of 3 +/- 1 versus 7 +/- 2; P < 0.0001), during initial (score of 2 + / - 2 versus 6 + / - 3; $P = 1.6 \times 10(-6)$), and final expansion (1 + / - 1 versus 3 + / - 2; P = 0.009). Volume of expansion per session was greater thus expansion sessions required less in the BT group (5 + / - 1 versus 7 + / - 3; P = 0.025). There was a significant increase in narcotic use in control patients in the first 24 hours (17 +/-10 mg versus 3 + / - 3 mg; P < 0.0001), initial as well as final expansion

periods (P = 0.0123 and 0.0367, respectively). One expander in the BT group versus 5 in the control group required removal (P = 0.13). There were no BT-related complications. CONCLUSION: Muscular infiltration of botulinum toxin for mastectomy and tissue expander placement significantly reduced postoperative pain and discomfort without complications.

CT Check Tags: Comparative Study; Female
Analgesics, Opioid: TU, therapeutic use

*Botulinum Toxin Type A: TU, therapeutic use

Breast Neoplasms: PA, pathology Breast Neoplasms: SU, surgery

Chi-Square Distribution

Humans

Length of Stay

*Mammaplasty

*Mastectomy

Middle Aged

*Neuromuscular Agents: TU, therapeutic use

Pain Measurement

*Pain, Postoperative: PC, prevention & control

Pectoralis Muscles: DE, drug effects

Prospective Studies

Rectus Abdominis: DE, drug effects Research Support, Non-U.S. Gov't Spasm: PC, prevention & control Statistics, Nonparametric

*Tissue Expanders Tissue Expansion

Treatment Outcome

L26 ANSWER 4 OF 17 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2005 The Thomson Corporation on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: 2005:23549 BIOSIS PREV200500020549

TITLE:

2004 Annual Meeting and Congress of the Schweizerische Gesellschaft fuer Gynaekologie und Geburtshilfe (SGGG),

Interlaken, Switzerland, June 24-26, 2004.

AUTHOR (S):

Anonymous

SOURCE:

Gynaekologisch-Geburtshilfliche Rundschau, (June 2004) Vol.

44, No. 3, pp. 164-218. print.

Meeting Info.: 2004 Annual Meeting and Congress of the

Schweizerische Gesellschaft fuer Gynaekologie und

Geburtshilfe. Interlaken, Switzerland. June 24-26, 2004.

Schweizerische Gesellschaft fuer Gynaekologie und

Geburtshilfe.
ISSN: 1018-8843.

Conference; (Meeting)
Conference; (Meeting Summary)

LANGUAGE:

DOCUMENT TYPE:

German

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 29 Dec 2004

Last Updated on STN: 29 Dec 2004

AB This meeting contains approximately 162 abstracts written in French, German and English, on gynecology and obstetrics. Diseases discussed include but are not limited to motor compulsive incontinence, vulvar Paget disease, ovarian carcinoma, breast cancer, chlamydia trachomatis, and uterine cancer. Treatment strategies, prevention and

control, prevalence, drugs, pathology, and outcomes of these diseases were all discussed.

IT Major Concepts

Epidemiology (Population Studies); Gynecology (Human Medicine, Medical Sciences); Methods and Techniques; Obstetrics (Human Medicine, Medical Sciences)

IT Parts, Structures, & Systems of Organisms

breast: reproductive system; ovary: reproductive system;

vulva: reproductive system

IT Diseases

allergy: immune system disease

Hypersensitivity (MeSH)

IT Diseases

breast cancer: neoplastic disease, reproductive system

disease/female, epidemiology

Breast Neoplasms (MeSH)

IT Diseases

chlamydia trachomatis: bacterial disease, eye disease

IT Diseases

endometriosis: reproductive system disease/female, epidemiology

Endometriosis (MeSH)

IT Diseases

motor compulsive incontinence: urologic disease, drug therapy,

prevention and control

IT Diseases

ovarian carcinoma: neoplastic disease, reproductive system

disease/female, drug therapy, prevention and control

Ovarian Neoplasms (MeSH); Carcinoma (MeSH)

IT Diseases

uterine cancer: neoplastic disease, reproductive system disease/female

Uterine Neoplasms (MeSH)

IT Diseases

vulvar Paget disease: neoplastic disease, reproductive system

disease/female, epidemiology, pathology, VPD

IT Chemicals & Biochemicals

botulinum toxin type A: antispasmodic-drug; carboplatin: antineoplastic-drug; cisplatin: antineoplastic-drug; leptin

L26 ANSWER 5 OF 17 MEDLINE on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003024662 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 12531431

TITLE: Molecular mechanism of the anti-cancer activity of

cerivastatin, an inhibitor of HMG-CoA reductase, on

aggressive human breast cancer cells.

AUTHOR: Denoyelle Christophe; Albanese Patricia; Uzan Georges; Hong

Li; Vannier Jean-Pierre; Soria Jeannette; Soria Claudine

CORPORATE SOURCE: Laboratoire DIFEMA, Groupe de Recherche MERCI, UFR de

Medecine et de Pharmacie, 76183 Rouen, France.

Cellular signalling, (2003 Mar) 15 (3) 327-38.

Journal code: 8904683. ISSN: 0898-6568.

PUB. COUNTRY: England: United Kingdom

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 200308

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20030118

Last Updated on STN: 20030829 Entered Medline: 20030828

AB Statins are currently used for the treatment of hypercholesterolemia. Recently, we demonstrated that cerivastatin also reduces the proliferation and invasion of aggressive breast cancer cells, MDA-MB-231. In this report, a molecular mechanism to explain its anti-cancer action is proposed by combining the study of cerivastatin effect on both gene expression (microarray) and signal transduction pathways. Firstly, the expression of 13 genes was modified by cerivastatin and confirmed at protein level. They could contribute to the inhibition of both cell

SOURCE:

proliferation (down-regulation of cyclin D1, PCNA, c-myc and up-regulation p21(Waf1), p19(INK4d), integrin beta8) and cell invasion, either directly (decrease in u-PA, MMP-9, u-PAR, PAI-1 and increase in anti-oncogenes Wnt-5a and H-cadherin) or indirectly by stimulating an anti-angiogenic gene (thrombospondin-2). The anti-angiogenic activity was confirmed by in vivo experiments. Secondly, we demonstrated that the biochemical mechanism of its anti-cancer action could be mainly explained by the inhibition of RhoA-dependent cell signalling. This hypothesis was supported by the fact that a RhoA inhibitor (C3 exoenzyme) or a dominant negative mutant RhoA (N19RhoA) induced similar effects to those of cerivastatin. In conclusion, cerivastatin, by preventing RhoA prenylation, inhibits (i) the RhoA/ROCK pathway, leading to defective actin stress fibres formation responsible for the loss of traction forces required for cell motility and (ii) the RhoA/FAK/AKT signalling pathway that could explain the majority of cancer-related gene modifications described above. Thus, the inhibition of RhoA cell signalling could be a good strategy in therapy of aggressive forms of breast cancer. Copyright 2002 Elsevier Science Inc.

CT ADP Ribose Transferases: PD, pharmacology Animals

*Antineoplastic Agents: PD, pharmacology Botulinum Toxins: PD, pharmacology *Breast Neoplasms: DT, drug therapy Breast Neoplasms: GE, genetics

Breast Neoplasms: ME, metabolism

Cell Division: DE, drug effects Cell Membrane: ME, metabolism

Cytosol: ME, metabolism

*Gene Expression Regulation, Neoplastic: DE, drug effects Humans

*Hydroxymethylglutaryl-CoA Reductase Inhibitors: PD, pharmacology Mice

Mice, Nude

Neoplasm Invasiveness

Neovascularization, Pathologic: DT, drug therapy

Oligonucleotide Array Sequence Analysis Protein Isoprenylation: DE, drug effects

*Pyridines: PD, pharmacology

Research Support, Non-U.S. Gov't Signal Transduction: DE, drug effects Tumor Cells, Cultured: CY, cytology Tumor Cells, Cultured: DE, drug effects

Xenograft Model Antitumor Assays

rhoA GTP-Binding Protein: ME, metabolism

L26 ANSWER 6 OF 17 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 1

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002475185 MEDLINE DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 12237774

TITLE: Rho GTPases in human breast tumours: expression and

mutation analyses and correlation with clinical parameters.

AUTHOR: Fritz G; Brachetti C; Bahlmann F; Schmidt M; Kaina B

CORPORATE SOURCE: Institute of Toxicology, Division of Applied Toxicology, University of Mainz, Obere Zahlbacher Str. 67, D-55131

Mainz, Germany.. fritz@mail.uni-mainz.de

SOURCE: British journal of cancer, (2002 Sep 9) 87 (6) 635-44.

Journal code: 0370635. ISSN: 0007-0920.

PUB. COUNTRY: Scotland: United Kingdom

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH:

200210

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 20020919

Last Updated on STN: 20021026 Entered Medline: 20021024

AB In the present study, we addressed the question of a putative relevance of Rho proteins in tumour progression by analysing their expression on protein and mRNA level in breast tumours. We show that the level of RhoA, RhoB, Rac1 and Cdc42 protein is largely enhanced in all tumour samples analysed (n=15) as compared to normal tissues originating from the same individual. The same is true for (32)P-ADP-ribosylation of Rho proteins which is catalysed by Clostridium botulinum exoenzyme C3. Also the amount of Rho-GDI and ERK2 as well as the level of overall (32)P-GTP binding activity was tumour-specific elevated, yet to a lower extent than Rho proteins. Although the amount of Rho proteins was enhanced in tumours, most of them did not show changes in rho mRNA expression as compared to the corresponding normal tissue. Thus, elevated gene expression seems not to be the underlying mechanism of tumour-specific overexpression of Rho proteins. Sequence analysis of RhoA, RhoB, RhoC and Rac1 failed to detect any mutations in both the GTP-binding site and effector binding region. By analysing >50 tumour samples, the amount of RhoA-like proteins (i.e. RhoA, B, C), but not of Rac1, was found to significantly increase with histological grade and proliferation index. Rho protein expression was neither related to p53 nor to HER-2/neu oncogene status. Expression of rho mRNAs did not show a significant increase with histological grade. Overall the data show that (1) Rho proteins are overexpressed in breast tumours (2) overexpression is not regulated on the mRNA level (3) the expression level of RhoA-like proteins correlates with malignancy and (4) Rho proteins are not altered by mutation in breast tumours.

CT Check Tags: Comparative Study; Female

ADP Ribose Transferases: ME, metabolism

Blotting, Western

Breast: ME, metabolism

Breast Neoplasms: GE, genetics
*Breast Neoplasms: ME, metabolism
Breast Neoplasms: PA, pathology

DNA Mutational Analysis

Disease Progression

Gene Expression

Guanosine Triphosphate: ME, metabolism

Humans

Mitogen-Activated Protein Kinase 1: GE, genetics Mitogen-Activated Protein Kinase 1: ME, metabolism

*Mutation

Mutation: GE, genetics

Polymerase Chain Reaction

RNA, Messenger: ME, metabolism

Research Support, Non-U.S. Gov't

cdc42 GTP-Binding Protein: GE, genetics

cdc42 GTP-Binding Protein: ME, metabolism

rac1 GTP-Binding Protein: GE, genetics

rac1 GTP-Binding Protein: ME, metabolism

rho GTP-Binding Proteins: GE, genetics

*rho GTP-Binding Proteins: ME, metabolism

rhoA GTP-Binding Protein: GE, genetics

rhoA GTP-Binding Protein: ME, metabolism

rhoB GTP-Binding Protein: GE, genetics

rhoB GTP-Binding Protein: ME, metabolism

L26 ANSWER 7 OF 17 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2005 The Thomson Corporation on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:394968 BIOSIS DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV200200394968

TITLE: CD44 function as receptor and effector on signaling by its

ligand stimulation in Rho GTPase-meditated cell motility.

AUTHOR(S): Higashi, Morihiro [Reprint author]; Kumagai, Shinpei

[Reprint author]; Kitagawa, Motoo [Reprint author];
Sugimoto, Katsumi [Reprint author]; Kasagawa, Takahiro
[Reprint author]; Harigaya, Kenichi [Reprint author]
Graduate School of Medicine, Molecular Tumor Pathology,

Chiba University, Chiba, Japan

SOURCE: Proceedings of the American Association for Cancer Research

Annual Meeting, (March, 2002) Vol. 43, pp. 371. print. Meeting Info.: 93rd Annual Meeting of the American

Association for Cancer Research. San Francisco, California,

USA. April 06-10, 2002.

ISSN: 0197-016X.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference; (Meeting)

Conference; Abstract; (Meeting Abstract)

LANGUAGE: English

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 24 Jul 2002

Last Updated on STN: 24 Jul 2002

IT Major Concepts

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Enzymology (Biochemistry and Molecular Biophysics); Gynecology (Human

Medicine, Medical Sciences); Oncology (Human Medicine, Medical

Sciences)

IT Chemicals & Biochemicals

CD44: expression; CD44E cDNA [CD44 epithelial form complementary DNA];

Rho GTPase; botulinum C3 exoenzyme

L26 ANSWER 8 OF 17 MEDLINE ON STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002347530 MEDLINE
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 12090470

TITLE: Mitogen activated protein kinase pathway is involved in

RhoC GTPase induced motility, invasion and angiogenesis in

inflammatory breast cancer.

AUTHOR: van Golen Kenneth L; Bao Li Wei; Pan Quintin; Miller Fred

R; Wu Zhi Fen; Merajver Sofia D

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Internal Medicine, University of Michigan

Comprehensive Cancer Center, Ann Arbor 48109-0948, USA.

CONTRACT NUMBER: 5T32 CA 09537 (NCI)

R01 CA 77612 (NCI)

SOURCE: Clinical & experimental metastasis, (2002) 19 (4) 301-11.

Journal code: 8409970. ISSN: 0262-0898.

PUB. COUNTRY: Netherlands

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 200207

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20020702

Last Updated on STN: 20021219 Entered Medline: 20020719

AB Inflammatory breast cancer (IBC) is the most lethal form of locally advanced breast cancer known. IBC carries a guarded prognosis primarily due to rapid onset of disease, typically within six months, and the propensity of tumor emboli to invade the dermal lymphatics and spread systemically. Although the clinical manifestations of IBC have been well documented, until recently little was known about the genetic mechanisms underlying the disease. In a comprehensive study aimed at identifying the molecular mechanisms responsible for the unique IBC phenotype, our laboratory identified overexpression of RhoC GTPase in over 90% of IBC

tumors in contrast to 36% of stage-matched non-IBC tumors. demonstrated that overexpression of RhoC GTPase in human mammary epithelial (HME) cells nearly recapitulated the IBC phenotype with regards to invasion, motility and angiogenesis. In the current study we sought to delineate which signaling pathways were responsible for each aspect of the IBC phenotype. Using well-established inhibitors to the mitogen activated protein kinase (MAPK) and phosphatidylinositol-3 kinase (PI3K) pathways. We found that activation of the MAPK pathway was responsible for motility, invasion and production of angiogenic factors. In contrast, growth under anchorage independent conditions was dependent on the PI3K pathway. Check Tags: Female 1-Phosphatidylinositol 3-Kinase: AI, antagonists & inhibitors ADP Ribose Transferases: PD, pharmacology Adenocarcinoma: EN, enzymology *Adenocarcinoma: PA, pathology *Botulinum Toxins Breast Neoplasms: EN, enzymology *Breast Neoplasms: PA, pathology Chromones: PD, pharmacology Endothelial Growth Factors: BI, biosynthesis Endothelial Growth Factors: GE, genetics Enzyme Induction Enzyme Inhibitors: PD, pharmacology GTP Phosphohydrolases: AI, antagonists & inhibitors *GTP Phosphohydrolases: PH, physiology Gene Expression Regulation, Neoplastic Humans Inflammation Lymphokines: BI, biosynthesis Lymphokines: GE, genetics *MAP Kinase Signaling System MAP Kinase Signaling System: DE, drug effects Morpholines: PD, pharmacology Neoplasm Invasiveness Neoplasm Metastasis Neoplasm Proteins: AI, antagonists & inhibitors *Neoplasm Proteins: PH, physiology Neovascularization, Pathologic: EN, enzymology Phenotype Research Support, Non-U.S. Gov't Research Support, U.S. Gov't, Non-P.H.S. Research Support, U.S. Gov't, P.H.S. Transfection Tumor Cells, Cultured: EN, enzymology Vascular Endothelial Growth Factor A Vascular Endothelial Growth Factors rho GTP-Binding Proteins: AI, antagonists & inhibitors *rho GTP-Binding Proteins: PH, physiology L26 ANSWER 9 OF 17 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2005 The Thomson Corporation on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:536067 BIOSIS DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV200000536067 TITLE: Nonproteolytic Clostridium botulinum toxiqenesis in cooked turkey stored under modified atmospheres. AUTHOR(S): Lawlor, Kathleen A. [Reprint author]; Pierson, Merle D.; Hackney, Cameron R.; Claus, James R.; Marcy, Joseph E.

11, pp. 1511-1516. print.

Silliker Laboratories of Pennsylvania, 749 Commerce Street, Sinking Spring, PA, 19608: kathy.lawlor@silliker.com, USA

Journal of Food Protection, (November, 2000) Vol. 63, No.

SOURCE:

CORPORATE SOURCE:

CT

CODEN: JFPRDR. ISSN: 0362-028X.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article LANGUAGE: English

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 13 Dec 2000

Last Updated on STN: 11 Jan 2002

The ability of nonproteolytic Clostridium botulinum type B spores to grow and produce toxin in cooked, uncured turkey packaged under modified atmospheres was investigated at refrigeration and mild to moderate abuse temperatures. Cook-in-bag turkey breast was carved into small chunks, surface-inoculated with a mixture of nonproteolytic C. botulinum type B spores, packaged in O2-impermeable bags under two modified atmospheres (100% N2 and 30% CO2:70% N2), and stored at 4, 10, and 15degreeC. Samples were analyzed for botulinal toxin and indigenous microorganisms, as well as subjected to sensory evaluation, on days 0, 7, 14, 28, 42, and 60. Given sufficient incubation time, nonproteolytic C. botulinum type B grew and produced toxin in all temperature and modified atmosphere treatment combinations. At moderate temperature abuse (15degreeC), toxin was detected by day 7, independent of packaging atmosphere. At mild temperature abuse (10degreeC), toxin was detected by day 14, also independent of packaging atmosphere. At refrigeration temperature (4degreeC), toxin was detected by day 14 in product packaged under 100% N2 and by day 28 in product packaged under 30% CO2:70% N2. Reduced storage temperature significantly delayed toxin production and extended the period of sensory acceptability of cooked turkey, but even strict refrigeration did not prevent growth and toxigenesis by nonproteolytic C. botulinum. At all three storage temperatures, toxin detection preceded or coincided with development of sensory characteristics of spoilage, demonstrating the potential for consumption of toxic product

IT Major Concepts

Foods; Infection; Toxicology

IT Parts, Structures, & Systems of Organisms

spore: reproductive system, growth, toxin production

IT Chemicals & Biochemicals

botulinal toxin: production, toxin

when spoilage-signaling sensory cues are absent.

L26 ANSWER 10 OF 17 MEDLINE on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001201496 MEDLINE DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 11191108

TITLE: RhoC GTPase overexpression modulates induction of

angiogenic factors in breast cells.

AUTHOR: van Golen K L; Wu Z F; Qiao X T; Bao L; Merajver S D

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Internal Medicine, The University of Michigan

Comprehensive Cancer Center, Ann Arbor 48109, USA.

CONTRACT NUMBER: 5T32 CA09537 - 16 (NCI)

R01 CA 77612 (NCI)

SOURCE: Neoplasia (New York, N.Y.), (2000 Sep-Oct) 2 (5) 418-25.

Journal code: 100886622. ISSN: 1522-8002.

PUB. COUNTRY: United States

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 200104

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20010417

Last Updated on STN: 20010417 Entered Medline: 20010412

AB Inflammatory breast cancer (IBC) is a distinct and aggressive form of locally advanced breast cancer. IBC is highly angiogenic, invasive, and metastatic at its inception. Previously, we identified specific genetic

alterations of IBC that contribute to this highly invasive phenotype. RhoC GTPase was overexpressed in 90% of archival IBC tumor samples, but not in stage-matched, non-IBC tumors. To study the role of RhoC GTPase in contributing to an IBC-like phenotype, we generated stable transfectants of human mammary epithelial cells overexpressing the RhoC gene, and studied the effect of RhoC GTPase overexpression on the modulation of angiogenesis in IBC. Levels of vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF), basic fibroblast growth factor (bFGF), interleukin-6 (IL-6), and interleukin-8 (IL-8) were significantly higher in the conditioned media of the HME-RhoC transfectants than in the untransfected HME and HME-beta-galactosidase control media, similar to the SUM149 IBC cell line. Inhibition of RhoC function by introduction of C3 exotransferase decreased production of angiogenic factors by the HME-RhoC transfectants and the SUM149 IBC cell line, but did not affect the control cells. These data support the conclusion that overexpression of RhoC GTPase is specifically and directly implicated in the control of the production of angiogenic factors by IBC cells.

CT Check Tags: Female

> ADP Ribose Transferases: ME, metabolism ADP Ribose Transferases: PD, pharmacology

Adenocarcinoma: ME, metabolism *Adenocarcinoma: PA, pathology

Adenosine Diphosphate Ribose: ME, metabolism

Animals

Aorta: DE, drug effects

*Botulinum Toxins

*Breast: CY, cytology Breast: ME, metabolism

Breast Neoplasms: ME, metabolism *Breast Neoplasms: PA, pathology

Cell Line, Transformed: EN, enzymology Culture Media, Conditioned: AN, analysis Culture Media, Conditioned: PD, pharmacology

*Endothelial Growth Factors: BI, biosynthesis Endothelial Growth Factors: GE, genetics

Epithelial Cells: ME, metabolism

*Fibroblast Growth Factor 2: BI, biosynthesis Fibroblast Growth Factor 2: GE, genetics

*Gene Expression Regulation, Neoplastic: PH, physiology Humans

*Interleukin-6: BI, biosynthesis

Interleukin-6: GE, genetics

*Interleukin-8: BI, biosynthesis

Interleukin-8: GE, genetics

Liposomes

*Lymphokines: BI, biosynthesis

Lymphokines: GE, genetics

Membrane Fusion

*Neoplasm Proteins: BI, biosynthesis

Neoplasm Proteins: GE, genetics

*Neovascularization, Pathologic: EN, enzymology Neovascularization, Pathologic: GE, genetics

Protein Processing, Post-Translational

Rats

Rats, Sprague-Dawley

Recombinant Fusion Proteins: PH, physiology

Research Support, Non-U.S. Gov't

Research Support, U.S. Gov't, P.H.S.

Transfection

Tumor Cells, Cultured: EN, enzymology

Vascular Endothelial Growth Factor A Vascular Endothelial Growth Factors

rho GTP-Binding Proteins: BI, biosynthesis
rho GTP-Binding Proteins: GE, genetics
*rho GTP-Binding Proteins: PH, physiology

L26 ANSWER 11 OF 17 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2005 The Thomson Corporation on

STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:492475 BIOSIS DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV199900492475

TITLE: Management of post-thoracotomy pseudoangina and myofascial

pain with botulinum toxin.

AUTHOR(S): Diaz, James H. [Reprint author]; Gould, Harry J., III CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Public Health and Preventive Medicine,

Lousiana State University School of Medicine, 1600 Canal

Street, Suite 800, New Orleans, LA, 70112, USA

SOURCE: Anesthesiology (Hagerstown), (Sept., 1999) Vol. 91, No. 3,

pp. 877-879. print.

CODEN: ANESAV. ISSN: 0003-3022.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article LANGUAGE: English

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 16 Nov 1999

Last Updated on STN: 16 Nov 1999

IT Major Concepts

Neurology (Human Medicine, Medical Sciences); Pharmacology

IT Parts, Structures, & Systems of Organisms

brachial plexus: nervous system; left internal mammary

artery: circulatory system

IT Diseases

myofacial pain: nervous system disease

IT Diseases

pseudoangina: disease-miscellaneous, post-thoracotomy

IT Chemicals & Biochemicals

botulinum toxin: analgesic-drug

L26 ANSWER 12 OF 17 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2005 The Thomson Corporation on

STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:197816 BIOSIS DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV200000197816

TITLE: Clinical phase II evaluation of the combination therapy

with docetaxel and epidoxorubicin in the neoadjuvant,

cytostatic treatment on patients with primary

breast cancer (T1-4, N0-2, M0).

AUTHOR(S): Wenzel, Catharina; Schmidinger, Manuela; Locker, Gottfried

J.; Taucher, Susanne; Gnant, Michael; Jakesz, Raimund;

Steger, Guenther G. [Reprint author]

CORPORATE SOURCE: Klinische Abteilung fuer Onkologie, Universitaetsklinik

fuer Innere Medizin I, Waehringer Guertel 18-20, A-1090,

Wien, Austria

SOURCE: Wiener Klinische Wochenschrift, (Oct. 29, 1999) Vol. 111,

No. 20, pp. 843-850. print. CODEN: WKWOAO. ISSN: 0043-5325.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article LANGUAGE: German

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 17 May 2000

Last Updated on STN: 4 Jan 2002

AB Background: Preoperative (neo-adjuvant) chemotherapy is very effective in downstaging primary tumors and moreover is able to prevent advancing metastatic growth early in the course of the disease. Methods: We report on 38 patients with a median age of 54 years (range, 33-70 years)

suffering from biopsy-proven breast cancer (T1-T4). Mastectomy had been considered the treatment of choice in all cases. received 194 cycles of chemotherapy with docetaxel (75 mg/m2) and epidoxorubicin (75 mg/m2) on day 1, every 21 days, together with 30 million IU of G-CSF from days 3 to 10. Three to 8 cycles (median 5 cycles) of the treatment were administered until best response was achieved on mammography and clinical assessment. Results: The neo-adjuvant chemotherapy was well tolerated and all patients completed the treatment regimen on an out-patient basis. During 194 cycles we observed leukopenia WHO grade IV only at one occasion (0.5%). WHO-grade III toxicity consisted of leukopenia (0.5%), diarrhoea (2%), and stomatitis (0,5%). Response to treatment was present in 85%, with 4 patients (11%) experiencing a pathological complete response (pCR) of the invasive tumor (T0: n = 2, DCIS: n = 2) and 28 patients (74%) showing a partial pathological response. In 21 patients (52%) a breast -conserving surgical procedure was possible. Summary: We conclude that neo-adjuvant treatment of primary breast cancer with docetaxel and epidoxorubicin is safe and effective. By applying more chemotherapy cycles preoperatively it might even be possible to raise the rate of pCR and prolong survival.

IT Major Concepts

Neurology (Human Medicine, Medical Sciences); Pharmacology

IT Diseases

spasticity: nervous system disease, associated problems, treatment Muscle Spasticity (MeSH)

IT Diseases

spinal injury: injury, nervous system disease

IT Diseases

stroke: nervous system disease, vascular disease Cerebrovascular Disorders (MeSH)

IT Diseases

traumatic brain injury: injury, nervous system disease Brain Injuries (MeSH)

IT Chemicals & Biochemicals

botulinum toxin type A [Botox]: antispasmodic-drug, oral administration, prospective multicenter study, safety, side effects, single dose, tolerance

L26 ANSWER 13 OF 17 MEDLINE ON STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999196933 MEDLINE
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 10094832

TITLE: Activation of protein kinase C by phorbol esters modulates

alpha2beta1 integrin on MCF-7 breast cancer cells.

AUTHOR: Rosfjord E C; Maemura M; Johnson M D; Torri J A; Akiyama S

K; Woods V L Jr; Dickson R B

CORPORATE SOURCE: Lombardi Cancer Research Center, Georgetown University,

Washington, DC, 20007, USA.

CONTRACT NUMBER: 2P30-CA-51008 (NCI)

2P50-CA58185-04 (NCI) IP50CA58185 (NCI)

SOURCE: Experimental cell research, (1999 Apr 10) 248 (1) 260-71.

Journal code: 0373226. ISSN: 0014-4827.

PUB. COUNTRY: United States

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 199906

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19990614

Last Updated on STN: 19990614 Entered Medline: 19990603

Cellular adhesions to other cells and to the extracellular matrix play AB crucial roles in the malignant progression of cancer. In this study, we investigated the role of protein kinase C (PKC) in the regulation of cell-substratum adhesion by the breast adenocarcinoma cell line MCF-7. PKC activator, 12-0-tetradecanoylphorbol-1, 3-acetate (TPA), stimulated cell adhesion to laminin and collagen I in a dose-dependent manner over a 1- to 4-h interval. This enhanced adhesion was mediated by alpha2beta1 integrin, since both anti-alpha2 and anti-beta1 blocking antibodies each completely abrogated the TPA-induced adhesion. FACS analysis determined that TPA treatment does not change the cell surface expression of alpha2beta1 integrin over a 4-h time interval. However, alpha2beta1 levels were increased after 24 h of TPA treatment. Thus, the enhanced avidity of alpha2beta1-dependent cellular adhesion preceded the induction of alpha2beta1 cell surface expression. Northern blot analysis revealed that mRNA levels of both alpha2 and beta1 subunits were increased after exposure to TPA for 4 h, indicating that the induction of alpha2beta1 mRNA preceded that of its cell surface expression. This further suggested that the TPA-induced avidity of alpha2betal was independent of increased expression of alpha2beta1. Pretreatment of cells with the PKC inhibitor calphostin C partially antagonized the TPA-induced increase in expression of alpha2beta1 integrin expression and of alpha2beta1-mediated cellular adhesion. To identify a possible mechanism by which TPA could be acting to promote the rapid induction of alpha2beta1 adhesion, we treated the cells with the Rho-GTPase inhibitor Clostridium botulinumexotoxin C3. C3 inhibited TPA-induced adhesion to laminin and collagen I in a dose-dependant manner, suggesting a likely role for Rho in TPA-induced adhesion. Together, these results suggest that PKC can modulate the alpha2beta1-dependent adhesion of MCF-7 cells by two distinct mechanisms: altering the gene expression of integrins alpha2 and beta1 and altering. the avidity of the alpha2beta1 integrin by a Rho-dependant mechanism. Copyright 1999 Academic Press.

CT Check Tags: Female

ADP Ribose Transferases: ME, metabolism ADP Ribose Transferases: PD, pharmacology

Animals

*Botulinum Toxins Breast Neoplasms

Cell Adhesion: DE, drug effects

Enzyme Activation

Enzyme Inhibitors: PD, pharmacology

Gene Expression Regulation: DE, drug effects

Humans

*Integrins: BI, biosynthesis Integrins: GE, genetics

Mice

Naphthalenes: PD, pharmacology

Protein Kinase C: AI, antagonists & inhibitors

*Protein Kinase C: PH, physiology

Rats

Receptors, Collagen

Recombinant Fusion Proteins: ME, metabolism Recombinant Fusion Proteins: PD, pharmacology

Research Support, Non-U.S. Gov't Research Support, U.S. Gov't, P.H.S.

Tetradecanoylphorbol Acetate: PD, pharmacology

Tumor Cells, Cultured

L26 ANSWER 14 OF 17 MEDLINE on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998112733 MEDLINE DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 9452354

TITLE: Neuromyotonia in a muscle flap producing a convulsing

breast: successful treatment with botulinum

toxin.

AUTHOR: Schwartz M S; Wren D R; Filshie J

CORPORATE SOURCE: Atkinson Morleys Hospital, Wimbledon, England.

SOURCE: Movement disorders : official journal of the Movement

Disorder Society, (1998 Jan) 13 (1) 188-90.

Journal code: 8610688. ISSN: 0885-3185.

PUB. COUNTRY: United States DOCUMENT TYPE: (CASE REPORTS)

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 199803

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19980407

Last Updated on STN: 19980407 Entered Medline: 19980326

CT Check Tags: Female

*Botulinum Toxin Type A: TU, therapeutic use

*Breast Diseases: DT, drug therapy Breast Diseases: ET, etiology Breast Neoplasms: SU, surgery

Carcinoma: SU, surgery

Electromyography

*Fasciculation: DT, drug therapy Fasciculation: ET, etiology

Humans

Middle Aged

*Myotonia: DT, drug therapy Myotonia: ET, etiology

*Neuromuscular Agents: TU, therapeutic use

*Surgical Flaps: AE, adverse effects

L26 ANSWER 15 OF 17 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2005 The Thomson Corporation on

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ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:416243 BIOSIS DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV199396081968

TITLE: Modeling lag phase of nonproteolytic Clostridium

botulinum toxigenesis in cooked turkey and chicken
breast as affected by temperature, sodium lactate,

sodium chloride and spore inoculum.

AUTHOR(S): Meng, Jianghong [Reprint author]; Genigeorgis, Constantin

Α.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Food Safety Quality Enhancement Lab., Univ. Ga., Griffin,

GA 30223, USA

SOURCE: International Journal of Food Microbiology, (1993) Vol. 19,

No. 2, pp. 109-122.

CODEN: IJFMDD. ISSN: 0168-1605.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article LANGUAGE: English

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 8 Sep 1993

Last Updated on STN: 9 Sep 1993

AB The length of the lag phase (LP) of toxigenesis in commercially cooked turkey meat stored under vacuum was determined as affected by 0, 1.2, 2 and 3% sodium lactate (L), 0, 1 and 2% NaCl (S), spore (pool of nonproteolytic B and E strains: B2, B17, B197, B706, E211, E250, E KA-2 and E Beluga) inoculum (I) of 10-2 to 10-4, storage temperature (T) of 4, 8, 12, 16, 20 and 30 degree C and their interactions. The time from inoculation to the detection of first toxic sample was defined as LP. Using regression analysis the following model predictive of LP of C.

botulinum toxigenesis in the cooked turkey breast was derived: Log(1/LP)=-2.2877-0.1235(S)-0.2174(L)+0.4391(sqroot T)+0.0204(sqroot T) (1). The model explained 94.5% of the variation in results, in which sqroot T was the most influential factor (65%), followed by L (21.2%), interaction of I and sqroot T (4.9%) and S (3.4%). The model predicted LPs longer than those observed in 28.3% of the comparisons, but only in 1% of the comparisons when the lower limit of the 90% confidence interval of LP was used. Similar trends on the effect of L on C. botulinum were observed in an inoculated chicken meat study. This study demonstrated quantitatively that increasing L and S concentrations and lowering of T had a beneficial effect on delaying toxigenesis.

IT Major Concepts

Biochemistry and Molecular Biophysics; Foods; Infection; Mathematical Biology (Computational Biology); Physiology; Toxicology

IT Chemicals & Biochemicals

SODIUM LACTATE; SODIUM CHLORIDE

L26 ANSWER 16 OF 17 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2005 The Thomson Corporation on

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ACCESSION NUMBER: 1984:238443 BIOSIS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV198477071427; BA77:71427

TITLE: INFANT BOTULISM IN THE USA AN EPIDEMIOLOGIC STUDY OF CASES

OCCURRING OUTSIDE OF CALIFORNIA.

AUTHOR(S): MORRIS J G JR [Reprint author]; SNYDER J D; WILSON R;

FELDMAN R A

CORPORATE SOURCE: ENTERIC DISEASES BRANCH, DIVISION OF BACTERIAL DISEASES,

CENTER FOR INFECTIOUS DISEASES, CDC, ATLANTA, GA 30333, USA

SOURCE: American Journal of Public Health, (1983) Vol. 73, No. 12,

pp. 1385-1388.

CODEN: AJHEAA. ISSN: 0090-0036.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article FILE SEGMENT: BA LANGUAGE: ENGLISH

Data were obtained for the 96 hospitalized cases of infant botulism reported to the Centers for Disease Control between 1976-1980 from all states other than California [USA]. Forty-one cases with type F, and 1 with a strain of C. botulinum capable of producing both type B and F toxin. Cases occurred in 25 states; the disease was more common in the western part of the USA, with the highest attack rates reported for Utah and New Mexico. Birth-weights of hospitalized infants with infant botulism tended to be high compared with birth-weights in the USA population. Mothers of infants with infant botulism tended to be older and better educated than mothers in the general population. Of the infants, 70% had been predominantly breast-fed; breast -feeding in type B cases was associated with a significantly older age at onset of illness.

IT Major Concepts

Epidemiology (Population Studies); Infection; Pediatrics (Human Medicine, Medical Sciences); Toxicology

L26 ANSWER 17 OF 17 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2005 The Thomson Corporation on

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ACCESSION NUMBER: 1982:165713 BIOSIS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV198273025697; BA73:25697

TITLE: INFANT BOTULISM IN A BREAST FED INFANT FROM RURAL

NEW-SOUTH-WALES AUSTRALIA.

AUTHOR(S): MURRELL W G [Reprint author]; OUVRIER R A; STEWART B J;

DORMAN D C

CORPORATE SOURCE: CSIRO DIV FOOD RES, PO BOX 52, NORTH RYDE, NSW 2113

SOURCE: Medical Journal of Australia, (1981) Vol. 68-1, No. 11, pp.

583-585.

CODEN: MJAUAJ. ISSN: 0025-729X.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article FILE SEGMENT: BA LANGUAGE: ENGLISH

AB A case of infant botulism (Clostridium botulinum) caused by type A botulinum toxin in a 19 wk old infant from a pastoral property in northwest New South Wales, Austrialia, was reported. The child was solely breast fed, having not received any honey, solid foods,

boiled water or fruit juices, and had only rarely been outside the home.

IT Major Concepts

Infection; Neurology (Human Medicine, Medical Sciences); Nutrition; Pediatrics (Human Medicine, Medical Sciences); Reproductive System (Reproduction); Toxicology

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			E DONOVAN S/AU
L28		201	SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON ("DONOVAN S"/AU OR "DONOVAN S A"/AU OR
1120		201	"DONOVAN S C"/AU OR "DONOVAN S E"/AU OR "DONOVAN S F"/AU OR
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			"DONOVAN S R"/AU OR "DONOVAN S W"/AU) OR ("DONOVAN STEPHAN
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			"DONOVAN STEPHEN FRANCIS"/AU OR "DONOVAN STEPHEN J"/AU OR
			"DONOVAN STEPHEN K"/AU OR "DONOVAN STEVE"/AU OR "DONOVAN
			STEVEN"/AU)
L29		342	SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L27 OR L28
L30		297	DUP REM L29 (45 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L31		59	SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L30 AND BOTULIN?
L32		97422	SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON MAMMARY OR BREAST#
L33		4	SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L32 AND L31
L34		55	SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L31 NOT L33
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L36			SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L34 NOT L26

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                OR L6 OR L7)
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L12
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                 OR CANCER#/OBI OR TUMOR#/OBI OR CARCINOMA#/OBI)
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L16
            872 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L12 (L) (THU/RL OR TREAT?/OBI
                OR THERAP?/OBI OR PAC/RL)
L17
             18 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L16 AND L14
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             9 SEA FILE=WPIDS ABB=ON PLU=ON BOTULIN
L19
L20
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L21
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L25
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L29
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L30
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L31
             59 SEA L30 AND BOTULIN?
L32
          97422 SEA MAMMARY OR BREAST#
              4 SEA L32 AND L31
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L1
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                                                 "BOTULIN F"/CN
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L8
               OR L6 OR L7)
          1208 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L8
L9
          2012 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON BOTULIN/OBI
L10
          3182 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON BOTULI?/OBI (L) (TOXIN#/OBI
L11
               OR NEUROTOXIN?/OBI)
          3477 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON (L9 OR L10 OR L11)
T-12
         57583 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON (BREAST/OBI OR MAMMARY/OBI )
L13
                (L) (DISEASE#/OBI OR DISORDER#/OBI OR CYST#/OBI OR NEOPLAS?/OBI
                OR CANCER#/OBI OR TUMOR#/OBI OR CARCINOMA#/OBI)
            22 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L13 AND L12
L14
             4 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L13 (L) L12
L15
           872 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L12 (L) (THU/RL OR TREAT?/OBI
L16
                OR THERAP?/OBI OR PAC/RL)
            18 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L16 AND L14
L17
            18 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L17 OR L15
L18
             9 SEA FILE=WPIDS ABB=ON PLU=ON BOTULIN
L19
           458 SEA FILE=WPIDS ABB=ON PLU=ON (BOTULIN? (S) (?TOXIN?))
L20
           458 SEA FILE=WPIDS ABB=ON PLU=ON L19 OR L20
L21
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L22
                (DISEASE# OR DISORDER# OR CYST# OR NEOPLAS? OR CANCER# OR
                TUMOR# OR CARCINOMA# OR TUMOUR#)
             57 SEA FILE=WPIDS ABB=ON PLU=ON SCLEROSING ADENOSIS OR DUCT
L23
                (2W) (PAPILLOMA OR ADENOSIS) OR FIBROADENOMA
          13017 SEA FILE-WPIDS ABB-ON PLU-ON L23 OR L22
L24
            15 SEA FILE=WPIDS ABB=ON PLU=ON L21 AND L24
L25
            19 DUP REM L18 L25 (14 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L26
            65 SEA ("BRIN M"/AU OR "BRIN M F"/AU) OR ("BRIN MICHEL"/AU OR
L27
                "BRIN MITCHELL"/AU OR "BRIN MITCHELL F"/AU)
            281 SEA ("DONOVAN S"/AU OR "DONOVAN S A"/AU OR "DONOVAN S C"/AU OR
L28
                "DONOVAN S E"/AU OR "DONOVAN S F"/AU OR "DONOVAN S J"/AU OR
                "DONOVAN S M"/AU OR "DONOVAN S P"/AU OR "DONOVAN S R"/AU OR
                "DONOVAN S W"/AU) OR ("DONOVAN STEPHAN P"/AU OR "DONOVAN
                STEPHEN"/AU OR "DONOVAN STEPHEN F"/AU OR "DONOVAN STEPHEN
                FRANCIS"/AU OR "DONOVAN STEPHEN J"/AU OR "DONOVAN STEPHEN
                K"/AU OR "DONOVAN STEVE"/AU OR "DONOVAN STEVEN"/AU)
            342 SEA L27 OR L28
L29
            297 DUP REM L29 (45 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L30
            59 SEA L30 AND BOTULIN?
L31
          97422 SEA MAMMARY OR BREAST#
L32
             4 SEA L32 AND L31
L33
             55 SEA L31 NOT L33
L34
            55 SEA L34 NOT L26
1.36
=> d ibib 136 1-55
L36 ANSWER 1 OF 55 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
                     2005:614478 HCAPLUS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         143:71839
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        Methods for treating vascular disorders by
TITLE:
                        administering a botulinum toxin directly to
                         a blood vessel
                        Brin, Mitchell F.; Naumann, Markus K.
INVENTOR(S):
                        USA
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                        U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 10 pp.
SOURCE:
                        CODEN: USXXCO
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        Patent
                        English
LANGUAGE:
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FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT		KIND DATE				ž	APPL	ICAT	ION I	NO.		D	ATE	TE.				
	-													-				
US 2005	1529	23		A1	:	2005	0714	1	US 2	004-	7543	64		2	20040108			
WO 2005	0679	61		A 1		2005	0728	1	WO 2	005-1	JS44	6		2	0050	107		
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US 2004-754364 A 20040108 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

L36 ANSWER 2 OF 55 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:490976 HCAPLUS

TITLE: BOTULINUM TOXIN TYPE A IS A SAFE AND

> EFFECTIVE TREATMENT FOR NEUROGENIC URINARY INCONTINENCE: RESULTS OF A SINGLE TREATMENT, RANDOMIZED, PLACEBO CONTROLLED 6-MONTH STUDY

AUTHOR (S): Schurch, Brigitte; de Seze, Marianne; Denys, Pierre;

Chartier-Kastler, Emmanuel; Haab, Francois; Everaert,

Karel; Plante, Pierre; Perrouin-Verbe, Brigitte;

Kumar, Catherine; Fraczek, Stephanie; Brin,

Mitchell F.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Spinal Cord Injury Centre, Zurich, Switzerland,

Service de Medecine Physique et de Readaptation, Hopital Pellegrin, Bordeaux, University Hospital Balgrist, Hopital Raymond Poincare, Clinique

Urologique, CA, USA

SOURCE: Journal of Urology (Hagerstown, MD, United States)

(2005), 174(1), 196-200

CODEN: JOURAA; ISSN: 0022-5347 Lippincott Williams & Wilkins

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

L36 ANSWER 3 OF 55 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:281677 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:335027

Animal product free media and processes for obtaining TITLE:

a **botulinum** toxin

INVENTOR(S): Donovan, Stephen PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Allergan, Inc., USA

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 12 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

Page 4

PUBLISHER:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE -----_ _ _ ----------------US 2005069562 A1 20050331 US 2003-672876 20030925

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WO 2005035749
                                             WO 2004-US27775
                           Α2
                                  20050421
                                                                        20040825
     WO 2005035749
                           A3
                                  20050602
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             CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,
             GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI,
             NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY,
              TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
         RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM,
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              SN, TD, TG
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                               US 2003-672876 A 20030925
L36 ANSWER 4 OF 55 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                          2004:722732 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                          141:230672
TITLE:
                          Intravitreal botulinum toxin implant
                          Donovan, Stephen
INVENTOR(S):
                          Allergan, Inc., USA
U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 25 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
SOURCE:
                          Ser. No. 445,142.
                          CODEN: USXXCO
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                          Patent
LANGUAGE:
                          English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
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                                  DATE
                                              APPLICATION NO.
                                                                       DATE
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     US 2004170665
                           A1
                                  20040902
                                              US 2004-752871
                                                                        20040106
     US 6306423
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                                              US 2000-587250
                                  20011023
                                                                       20000602
     US 2002028244
                                              US 2001-923631
                        A1
                                  20020307
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     US 6383509
                           B2
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     US 2002098237
                           A1
                                  20020725
                                             US 2002-96501
                                                                       20020311
     US 6585993
                           B2
                                  20030701
     US 2004033241
                                              US 2003-445142
                           A1
                                  20040219
                                                                       20030523
                                                                  A1 20000602
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                               US 2000-587250
                                                                  A1 20010807
                                               US 2001-923631
                                                                   A2 20020311
                                               US 2002~96501
                                               US 2003-445142
                                                                   A2 20030523
L36 ANSWER 5 OF 55 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                          2004:372589 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                          140:363069
TITLE:
                          Botulinum toxin formulations for oral
                          administration
INVENTOR(S):
                          Donovan, Stephen
                          Allergan, Inc., USA
U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 19 pp.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
SOURCE:
                          CODEN: USXXCO
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                          Patent
LANGUAGE:
                          English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
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     PATENT NO.
                                  DATE
                                              APPLICATION NO.
                                                                       DATE
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     US 2004086532
                           A1
                                  20040506
                                              US 2002-288906
                                                                       20021105
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CA 2003-2504956 CA 2504956 AA 20040527 20031103 WO 2004043430 A2 20040527 WO 2003-US34903 20031103 WO 2004043430 Α3 20040729 AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, EP 2003-781702 EP 1558269 A2 20050803 20031103 AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2002-288906 A 20021105 WO 2003-US34903 W 20031103

L36 ANSWER 6 OF 55 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:142603 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:187388

TITLE: Controlled release botulinum toxin system

INVENTOR(S): Donovan, Stephen
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Allergan, Inc., USA

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 19 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.

Ser. No. 96,501. CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 4

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2004033241	A1	20040219	US 2003-445142	20030523
US 6306423	B1	20011023	US 2000-587250	20000602
US 2002028244	A1	20020307	US 2001-923631	20010807
US 6383509	B2	20020507		
US 2002098237	A 1	20020725	US 2002-96501	20020311
US 6585993	B2	20030701		
US 2004170665	A1	20040902	US 2004-752871	20040106
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2000-587250 A	1 20000602
			US 2001-923631 A	1 20010807
			US 2002-96501 A	2 20020311
			US 2003-445142	2 20030523

L36 ANSWER 7 OF 55 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:39599 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:99624

TITLE: Transdermal botulinum toxin compositions

INVENTOR(S): Donovan, Stephen
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Allergan, Inc., USA

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 13 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

I	PAT	ENT 1	NO.			KIN	D	DATE		APPLICATION NO.						DATE			
ŧ	JS	2004	0091	80		A1	_	2004	0115	1						2	0020	711	
	CA	2492	029			AΑ		2004	0122		CA 2	003-2	2492	029		2	0030	708	
V	O	2004	0069	54		A2		2004	0122	,	WO 2	003-1	US21	351		20030708			
V	O	2004	0069	54		A 3		2004	0325										
		W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	ΒZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,	
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			UA,	ŪĠ,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW	-	•	-		-		
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F	3R	2003	•		•	•	•	2005	•			•							
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	US 2005074461 US 2005175636																		
	IORITY APPLN. INFO.:					AI		2005	0011			002-							
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L36 ANSWER 8 OF 55 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:892246 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

139:345943

TITLE:

Therapeutic treatments for neuropsychiatric disorders

with intracranial neurotoxin administration

INVENTOR(S):

Donovan, Stephen

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Allergan Sales, Inc., USA; Allergan, Inc. U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 15 pp.

SOURCE:

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.							DATE APPLICATION NO.											
						-									-			
US	2003	2111	21		A1		2003	1113	•	US 2	002-	1430	78		20	0020	510	
US	6921	538			B2		2005	0726										
CA	2484	774			AA		2003	1120		CA 2	003-	2484	774		20	0030	411	
WO	2003	0949	55		A 1		2003	1120	,	WO 2	003-	US11	416		20030411			
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ΕP	1503	790			A1		2005	0209		EP 2	003-	7183	83		20	20030411		
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	IE, SI, LT, LV, F			•		•	•	•	•		•		•	•	•			
BP	BR 2003009888																411	
US 2004180061					AI		2004	0916		US 2	UU4 -	8069	12		20	JU40.	322	

A 20020510 W 20030411 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2002-143078 WO 2003-US11416

L36 ANSWER 9 OF 55 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

2003:862780 HCAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:358792

Botulinum toxin derivatives and methods to TITLE:

treat pain associated with bone cancer

INVENTOR(S): Donovan, Stephen

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Allergan, Inc., USA

SOURCE: U.S., 24 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 489,667.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 6641820 WO 2002007759	A2 20020131		
CO, CR, CU,	AM, AT, AU, AZ, B. CZ, DE, DK, DM, D.	A, BB, BG, BR, BY, Z, EE, ES, FI, GB, E, KG, KP, KR, KZ,	GD, GE, GH, GM,
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DE, DK, ES,	FI, FR, GB, GR, I	L, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, E, IT, LU, MC, NL, W, ML, MR, NE, SN,	PT, SE, TR, BF,
US 2002037833		US 2001-922093	20010803
US 6500436 US 2002068699 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:		US 2001-938112 US 2000-489667	
FRIORITI AFFIN. INTO		US 2000-625098	
REFERENCE COUNT:		6 CITED REFERENCES CITATIONS AVAILABI	

L36 ANSWER 10 OF 55 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:696303 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:224458

TITLE: Botulinum toxin and substance P components

for treating inflammation and pain

INVENTOR(S): Donovan, Stephen

Allergan Sales, Inc., USA PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 13 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

APPLICATION NO. DATE PATENT NO. KIND DATE US 2003165541 --------------_____ 20020225 A1 20030904 US 2002-82691 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2002-82691 20020225

L36 ANSWER 11 OF 55 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:575555 HCAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:103904

TITLE: Clostridial toxin therapy for Hashimoto's thyroiditis

INVENTOR(S): Voet, Martin A.; Donovan, Stephen

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Allergan Sales, Inc., USA; Allergan, Inc.

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 11 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.

Ser. No. 1,734.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 5

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2002102274	A1	20020801	US 2002-99238	20020315
US 6821520	B2	20041123		
US 6524580	B1	20030225	US 2000-504538	20000215
US 6358513	B1	20020319	US 2000-512110	20000224
US 2002081319	A 1	20020627	US 2001-17834	20011030
US 6773711	B2	20040810		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2000-504538	A2 20000215
			US 2000-512110	A2 20000224
			US 2001-17834	A2 20011030
REFERENCE COUNT:	37	THERE ARE 37	CITED REFERENCES	AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L36 ANSWER 12 OF 55 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:488069 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:41786

TITLE: Botulinum toxin therapy for Hashimoto's

thyroiditis

INVENTOR(S): Voet, Martin A.; Donovan, Stephen

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Allergan, Inc., USA

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 11 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.

6,358,513. CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 5

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2002081319	A1	20020627	US 2001-17834	20011030
US 6773711	B2	20040810		
US 6524580	B1	20030225	US 2000-504538	20000215
US 6358513	B1	20020319	US 2000-512110	20000224
US 2002102274	A1	20020801	US 2002-99238	20020315
US 6821520	B2	20041123		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2000-504538	A2 20000215
			US 2000-512110	A2 20000224
			US 2001-17834	A2 20011030
REFERENCE COUNT:	55	THERE ARE 55	CITED REFERENCES	AVAILABLE FOR THIS

REFERENCE COUNT: 55 THERE ARE 55 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L36 ANSWER 13 OF 55 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:332052 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:335250

TITLE: Methods for treating endocrine disorders

INVENTOR(S): Donovan, Stephen

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Allergan Sales, Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 58 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3

PATENT INFORMATION:

WO 2002034286 A1 20020502 WO 2001-US26123 20010821 WO 2002034286 B1 20020829 W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PH, PL,
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CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,
GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,
IS IT III IV MA. MD. MG. MK. MN. MW. MX. MZ. NO. NZ. PH. PL.
PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG,
US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,
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BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
US 6827931 B1 20041207 US 2000-692811 20001020
AU 2001085159 A5 20020506 AU 2001-85159 20010821
EP 1326631 A1 20030716 EP 2001-964282 20010821
EP 1326631 B1 20040609
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR
JP 2004513895 T2 20040513 JP 2002-537337 20010821
ES 2218444 T3 20041116 ES 2001-1964282 20010821
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2000-692811 A 20001020
WO 2001-US26123 W 20010821
REFERENCE COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L36 ANSWER 14 OF 55 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: . 2002:241331 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:273210

TITLE: Clostridial toxin derivatives and methods for treating

pain

INVENTOR(S): Donovan, Stephen

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Allergan Sales, Inc., USA; Allergan, Inc.

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 20 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.

Ser. No. 625,098.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 4

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	DATE	
US 2002037833	A1	20020328	US 2001-922093	20010803
US 6500436	B2	20021231		
US 6641820	B1	20031104	US 2000-625098	20000725
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2000-489667 A	2 20000119
			US 2000-625098 A	2 20000725

L36 ANSWER 15 OF 55 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:213703 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:241680

TITLE: Method for treating hashimoto's thyroiditis

INVENTOR(S): Voet, Martin A.; Donovan, Stephen

Patent

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Allergan Sales, Inc., USA

U.S., 11 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 504,538. CODEN: USXXAM SOURCE:

LANGUAGE:

English FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

DOCUMENT TYPE:

PAT	PATENT NO.						DATE		ì	APPL	ICAT:	ION :	NO.		Di	ATE					
US	6358	513			B1		2002	0319	1	JS 2	000-	5121	10		2	0000	224				
US	6524	580			В1		2003	0225	1	JS 2	000-	5045	38		2	0000	215				
US	6447	785			В1		2002	0910	1	JS 2	000-	7061	74		2	0001	102				
US	6585	970			B1		2003	0701	1	JS 2	000-	7061	73		2	0001	102				
US	6716	427			B1		2004	0406	1	JS 2	000-	7062	15		2	0001	102				
US	6740	321			B1		2004	0525	1	JS 2	000-	7062	11		2	0001	102				
US	6743	424			В1		2004	0601	1	JS 2	000-	7061	72		2	0001	102				
ES	2199	209			Т3		2004	0216]	ES 2	001-	1910	800		2	0010	215				
WO	WO 2001062270						2001	0830	1	WO 2	001-	US57	73		20010223						
WO	WO 2001062270						2002	0221													
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US	2002	0813	19		A1		2002	0627	1	JS 2	001-	1783	4		2	0011	030				
	6773						2004														
US	2002	1022	74		A1		2002	0801	1	US 2	002-	9923	8		2	0020	315				
US	US 2002102274 US 6821520				B2		2004	1123													
PRIORITY	APP	LN.	INFO	. :					1	JS 2	000-	5045	38		A2 2	0000	215				
									1	US 2	000-	5121	10		A 2	0000	224				
									1	JS 2	001-	1783	4		A2 2	0011	030				
REFERENC	FERENCE COUNT:				30	T	HERE	ARE	30 (CITE	D RE	FERE	NCES	AVA	ILAB!	LE F	OR THIS				
						R	ECOR	D. A	LL C	ITAT	IONS	AVA	ILAB:	LE I	N TH	E RE	FORMAT				

L36 ANSWER 16 OF 55 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:107143 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

136:145220

TITLE:

Method for treating a neoplasm with botulinum

toxin

INVENTOR(S):

Donovan, Stephen

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Allergan Sales, Inc., USA

PCT Int. Appl., 45 pp. SOURCE: CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.					KIN	D	DATE			APPL	ICAT		DATE							
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WO 2002009743					A 1	A1 20020207				WO 2	001-	US22	885		2	20010720				
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RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO:

US 2000-631221 A 20000802

REFERENCE COUNT:

5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L36 ANSWER 17 OF 55 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:89857 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:145260

TITLE: Clostridial toxin derivatives and methods for treating

pain

INVENTOR(S): Donovan, Stephen

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Allergan Sales, Inc., USA SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 67 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. _____ ----_____ _____ _____ WO 2002007759 A2 20020131 WO 2001-US21984 20010712 WO 2002007759 Α3 20030103 AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG US 6641820 B1 20031104 US 2000-625098 20000725 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2000-625098 A 20000725 US 2000-489667 A2 20000119

L36 ANSWER 18 OF 55 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:19529 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:64140

TITLE: Methods using a neurotoxin for treating diabetes

INVENTOR(S): Donovan, Stephen

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Allergan Sales, Inc., USA

SOURCE: U.S., 12 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. 6,143,306.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 4

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 6337075	B1	20020108	US 2000-491420	20000126
US 6143306	A	20001107	US 2000-482831	20000111
WO 2001054711	A2	20010802	WO 2001-US2273	20010124

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20020221
    WO 2001054711
                        A3
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            CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR,
            HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT,
            LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU,
            SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN,
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            BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
    EP 1250146
                        A2
                               20021023
                                        EP 2001-903262
                                                               20010124
    EP 1250146
                               20040102
                        В1
        R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
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                               20030708
                                        JP 2001-554694
     JP 2003520822
                        T2
                               20040115 AT 2001-903262
    AT 257013
                        E
                                                                20010124
                               20040716 ES 2001-1903262
    ES 2211765
                        Т3
                                                                20010124
                       A1 20020314 US 2001-972702
B2 20020709
    US 2002031529
                                                                20011003
    US 6416765
                                          US 2000-482831 A2 20000111
US 2000-491420 A 20000126
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                          US 2000-491420
                                          WO 2001-US2273 W 20010124
REFERENCE COUNT:
                        39
                              THERE ARE 39 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
                              RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
L36 ANSWER 19 OF 55 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                     2001:859752 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                       136:144521
TITLE:
                       Cervical dystonia: Pathophysiology and treatment
                        options
AUTHOR (S):
                        Velickovic, Miodrag; Benabou, Reina; Brin,
                        Mitchell F.
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                       Department of Neurology, The Mount Sinai Medical
                       Center, New York, NY, USA
SOURCE:
                       Drugs (2001), 61(13), 1921-1943
                       CODEN: DRUGAY; ISSN: 0012-6667
                       Adis International Ltd.
PUBLISHER:
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                       Journal; General Review
                       English
LANGUAGE:
REFERENCE COUNT:
                              THERE ARE 246 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR
                       246
                              THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE
                              FORMAT
L36 ANSWER 20 OF 55 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
                       2001:816485 HCAPLUS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                       135:339236
                       Methods for treating bone tumors by local
TITLE:
                        administration of a therapeutically effective amount of
                       a neurotoxin
                       Donovan, Stephen
INVENTOR(S):
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                     Allergan Sales, Inc., USA
SOURCE:
                       PCT Int. Appl., 36 pp.
                       CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                       Patent
LANGUAGE:
                        English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:
    PATENT NO.
                      KIND
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WO 2001082961 A2 20011108 WO 2001-US13100 20010424 20020228 WO 2001082961 Α3 AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, W: CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG В1 20030520 US 2000-561106 US 6565870 20000428 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO .: US 2000-561106 A 20000428 L36 ANSWER 21 OF 55 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:809022 HCAPLUS 135:348906

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

Botulinum toxin implant TITLE:

Donovan, Stephen INVENTOR(S):

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Allergan Sales, Inc., USA

U.S., 18 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 587,250. SOURCE:

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent English LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 4

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 6312708	B1	20011106	US 2000-624003	20000721
US 6306423	B1	20011023	US 2000-587250	20000602
US 2002028216	A1	20020307	US 2001-971424	20011004
US 6506399	B2	20030114		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2000-587250	A2 20000602
			US 2000-624003	A1 20000721
REFERENCE COUNT:	3	THERE ARE 3	CITED REFERENCES AVAI	LABLE FOR THIS
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L36 ANSWER 22 OF 55 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:771015 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

135:322732

TITLE:

Controlled-release neurotoxin implant

INVENTOR(S):

Donovan, Stephen; Brady, Daniel G.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Allergan Sales, Inc., USA

SOURCE:

U.S., 17 pp.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

CODEN: USXXAM

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 6306423	B1	20011023	US 2000-587250	20000602
US 6312708	B1	20011106	US 2000-624003	20000721
CA 2411277	AA	20011213	CA 2001-2411277	20010525
WO 2001093827	A2	20011213	WO 2001-US17164	20010525
WO 2001093827	A3	20020314		
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     WO 2001093890
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PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
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                                THERE ARE 80 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
REFERENCE COUNT:
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L36 ANSWER 23 OF 55 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         2001:771013 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         135:322683
                         Method for treating Parkinson's disease with a
TITLE:
                         Botulinum toxin
INVENTOR(S):
                         Donovan, Stephen
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         Allergan Sales, Inc., USA
SOURCE:
                         U.S., 16 pp.
                         CODEN: USXXAM
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
                         English
LANGUAGE:
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
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20011220

WO 2001-US17365

20010529

A2

WO 2001095924

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                                          EP 2001-939647
    EP 1289544
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            AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
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    BR 2001011698
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    AT 259245
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                                20040215
                                            AT 2001-939647
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    NZ 522694
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                                20040827
                                            NZ 2001-522694
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    ES 2215903
                         T3
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                                            ES 2001-1939647
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    US 2001053370
                          Α1
                                20011220
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                                                                    20010711
    US 6620415
                         B2
                                20030916
    US 2001053369
                          A1
                                20011220
                                            US 2001-903849
                                                                    20010712
    US 2003202990
                         A1
                                20031030
                                            US 2003-421504
                                                                    20030422
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                            US 2000-596306
                                                                 A 20000614
                                            WO 2001-US17365
                                                                 W 20010529
                                            US 2001-903849
                                                                 B1 20010712
REFERENCE COUNT:
                         67
                               THERE ARE 67 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
                               RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
```

L36 ANSWER 24 OF 55 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:635909 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:190447

TITLE: Method for treating Hashimoto's thyroiditis

INVENTOR(S): Voet, Martin A.; Donovan, Stephen

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Allergan Sales, Inc., USA SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 38 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 5

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.					KIND DATE			APPLICATION NO.						DATE					
							_												
	WO 2001062270				A2 20010830			WO 2001-US5773						20010223					
	WO 2001062270				A3 20020221														
		W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	ΒZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,	
			CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	
			HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KΕ,	KG,	ΚP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	
			LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NO,	ΝZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	
			SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	ТJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	UZ,	VN,	YU,	
			ZA,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,	BY,	KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM						
		RW:	GH,	GM,	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	ΤZ,	UG,	ZW,	AT,	BE,	CH,	CY,	
			DE,	DK,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	TR,	BF,	
			ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG			
	US	6358	513			B1		2002	0319	1	US 2	000-	5121	10		20	0000	224	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:							1	US 2	000-	5121	10	i	A 20	0000	224				
									1	US 2	000-	5045	38	1	A2 2	0000	215		

L36 ANSWER 25 OF 55 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:635908 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

135:175436

TITLE:

Method for treating parathyroid disorders

INVENTOR(S):

Donovan, Stephen

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Allergan Sales, Inc., USA

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 45 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.													DATE			
WO	2001 2001	0622	69		A2		2001	0830		WO 2	2001-1	US52	06		2	0010	216
,,,	W :	AE, CR, HU, LU, SD, YU, GH,	AG, CU, ID, LV, SE, ZA, GM,	AL, CZ, IL, MA, SG, ZW, KE,	AM, DE, IN, MD, SI, AM, LS,	AT, DK, IS, MG, SK, AZ, MW,	AU, DM, JP, MK, SL, BY, MZ,	AZ, DZ, KE, MN, TJ, KG, SD,	EE, KG, MW, TM, KZ, SL,	ES, KP, MX, TR, MD, SZ,	BG, FI, KR, MZ, TT, RU, TZ,	GB, KZ, NO, TZ, TJ, UG,	GD, LC, NZ, UA, TM ZW,	GE, LK, PL, UG,	GH, LR, PT, US,	GM, LS, RO, UZ,	HR, LT, RU, VN,
			•	•	•			•			MR,	•	•	•			
	6319				В1						5000-						
US	6328	977			В1		2001	1211	1	US 2	2000-	7044	40		2	0001	101
US	6649	161			В1		2003	1118	1	US 2	2000-	7044	64		2	0001	101
US	2001	0232	43		A1		2001	0920	1	US 2	2001-	83594	49		2	0010	416
US	6635	247			В2		2003	1021									
US	2002	0187	86		A1		2002	0214	1	US 2	2001-	9718	69		2	0011	004
PRIORIT	Y APP	LN.	INFO	. :					1	US 2	2000-	5107	11	1	A 2	0000	222
									1	US 2	2000-	7044	40	1	A1 2	0001	101

L36 ANSWER 26 OF 55 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:617850 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

135:175430

TITLE:

Method for treating thyroid disorders

INVENTOR(S):

Donovan, Stephen

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Allergan Sales, Inc., USA

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 52 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT	PATENT NO. KIND			DATE APPLICATION NO.								DATE					
		060396 A2				20010823 20020314			WO 2001-US4990						20010215		
WO 2001 W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ,		•	•	•			•			
	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	GM, LS,	LT,	
	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	ТJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	•	•	RO, UZ,	•	
RW:	GH, DE,	GM, DK,	KE, ES,	LS, FI,	MW, FR,	MZ, GB,	•	SL, IE,	SZ, IT,	TZ, LU,	UG, MC,	ZW, NL,	PT,	SE,	CH, TR,	•	

20030225 US 2000-504538 US 6524580 B1 20000215 US 6447785 B1 20020910 US 2000-706174 20001102 B1 20030701 US 2000-706173 B1 20040406 US 2000-706215 US 6585970 20001102 US 6716427 20001102 B1 20040525 US 2000-706211 B1 20040601 US 2000-706172 US 6740321 20001102 US 6743424 20001102 A2 20021106 EP 2001-910800 EP 1253933 20010215 EP 1253933 B1 20030716 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR E 20030815 AT 2001-910800 AT 245032 20010215 T220031014 JP 2001-559492 JP 2003530320 20010215 **T**3 20040216 ES 2001-1910800 ES 2199209 20010215 US 2000-504538 A 20000215 WO 2001-US4990 W 20010215 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: WO 2001-US4990

L36 ANSWER 27 OF 55 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:564854 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:117240

TITLE: Methods using a neurotoxin for treating diabetes

INVENTOR(S): Donovan, Stephen

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Allergan Sales, Inc., USA SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 40 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 4

PATENT INFORMATION:

WO 2001054711 A2 20010802 WO 2001-US2273 20010 WO 2001054711 A3 20020221	
WO 2001034711 A3 20020221	CN.
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM,	
HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO,	RU,
SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM	-
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG	
US 6337075 B1 20020108 US 2000-491420 20000 EP 1250146 A2 20021023 EP 2001-903262 20010	
EP 1250146 B1 20040102	
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR	•
JP 2003520822 T2 20030708 JP 2001-554694 20010 AT 257013 E 20040115 AT 2001-903262 20010	124
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2000-491420 US 2000-482831 A2 20000 WO 2001-US2273 W 20010	111

L36 ANSWER 28 OF 55 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:545729 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:132453

TITLE: Clostridial neurotoxin derivatives attached to

targeting moieties, and methods using them for

treating pain

INVENTOR(S): Donovan, Stephen

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Allergan Sales, Inc., USA

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 76 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 4

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.					KIND DATE			APPLICATION NO.						DATE			
					_												
WO 2001	0533	36		A1		2001	0726	1	WO 2	001-1	US15	29		2	0010	117	
W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	ΒZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,	
	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	
	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KΕ,	KG,	ΚP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	
	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	
	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	TJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VN,	
	YU,	ZA,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,	BY,	KG,	KZ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM					
RW:	GH,		-				-	-	-		-	-		-		•	
	DE,	DK,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	ΙΤ,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	TR,	BF,	
	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GW,	ML,	MR,	ΝE,	SN,	TD,	TG			
US 2002	06869	99		A1	;	2002	0606	1	US 20	001-	9381	12		20	00108	323	
PRIORITY APP	LN.	INFO	. :					1	US 20	000-4	4896	57	I	A 20	0000	119	
REFERENCE CO	UNT:			9	T	HERE	ARE	9 C	ITED	REF	EREN	CES A	AVAII	LABLI	E FOI	RTHIS	
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L36 ANSWER 29 OF 55 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:519342 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

135:87202

TITLE:

Method for treating a pancreatic disorder with a

neurotoxin

INVENTOR(S):

Donovan, Stephen

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Allergan Sales, Inc., USA

SOURCE:

U.S., 11 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. 6,143,306.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 4

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.		KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE			
US 6261572		B1	20010717	US 2000-629748	20000731			
US 6143306		Α	20001107	US 2000-482831	20000111			
WO 2002009	WO 2002009742			WO 2001-US15634	20010515			
W: AE	, AG, AI	, AM, A	T, AU, AZ,	BA, BB, BG, BR, BY,	BZ, CA, CH, CN,			
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RW: GH	, GM, KE	, LS, M	W, MZ, SD,	SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW,	AT, BE, CH, CY,			
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BJ	, CF, CG	, CI, C	M, GA, GN,	GW, ML, MR, NE, SN,	TD, TG			
PRIORITY APPLN.	INFO.:			US 2000-482831	A2 20000111			
				US 2000-629748	A 20000731			
REFERENCE COUNT	':	26		26 CITED REFERENCES				
			RECORD. AL	UL CITATIONS AVAIDAD	DE IN INE KE FORMAI			

L36 ANSWER 30 OF 55 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:487630 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:283097

TITLE: A randomized, double masked, controlled trial of

botulinum toxin type A in essential hand

tremor

AUTHOR(S): Brin, M. F.; Lyons, K. E.; Doucette, J.;

Adler, C. H.; Caviness, J. N.; Comella, C. L.; Dubinsky, R. M.; Friedman, J. H.; Manyam, B. V.; Matsumoto, J. Y.; Pullman, S. L.; Rajput, A. H.;

Sethi, K. D.; Tanner, C.; Koller, W. C.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Neurology, Columbia University, New

York, NY, USA

SOURCE: Neurology (2001), 56(11), 1523-1528

CODEN: NEURAI; ISSN: 0028-3878 Lippincott Williams & Wilkins

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

REFERENCE COUNT: 25 THERE ARE 25 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L36 ANSWER 31 OF 55 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:283803 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:275782

TITLE: Method using a neurotoxin for treating otic disorders

INVENTOR(S): Donovan, Stephen

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Allergan Sales, Inc., USA SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 30 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PUBLISHER:

PATENT NO.					KIND DATE			APPL	ICAT		DATE						
WO	2001	 0266'	 74		A2	-	2001	 0419	1	WO 2	 000-1	US23	 679		2	0000	 829
WO	2001	0266	74		A3		2001	1122									
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		CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,
		HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	ΚP,	KR,	KZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,
		LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NO,	NZ,	ΡL,	PT,	RO,	RU,
		SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	ΤĴ,	TM,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VN,
		YU,	ZA,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,	BY,	KG,	KZ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM				
	RW:	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ŹW,	ΑT,	ΒE,	CH,	CY,
		DE,	DK,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	BF,	ВJ,
		CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG			
US	6265	379			B1		2001	0724	1	US 1	999-	4181	92		1	9991	013
US	2001	0250	24		A1		2001	0927	1	US 2	001-	8644	47		2	0010	524
US	6358	926			B2		2002	0319									
PRIORITY	Y APP	LN.	INFO	. :					1	US 1	999-	4181	92	7	A 1	9991	013

L36 ANSWER 32 OF 55 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:114999 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:157564

TITLE: Use of a neurotoxin for treating cardiac muscle

disorders

INVENTOR(S): Donovan, Stephen

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Allergan Sales, Inc., USA SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 43 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

KIND APPLICATION NO. PATENT NO. DATE ______ ----_____ _______ A1 20010215 WO 2000-US21634 WO 2001010458 20000808 W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1999-371354 A 19990810 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS REFERENCE COUNT: RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L36 ANSWER 33 OF 55 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:41390 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:116207

TITLE: Use of botulinum toxin type A in the

treatment of cervical dystonia

AUTHOR(S): Comella, Cynthia L.; Jankovic, Joseph; Brin,

Mitchell F.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dept. of Neurological Sciences, Rush-Presbyterian-ST.

Luke's Medical Center, Chicago, IL, 60612, USA Neurology (2000), 55(12, Suppl. 5), S15-S21

CODEN: NEURAI; ISSN: 0028-3878

PUBLISHER: Lippincott Williams & Wilkins

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; General Review

LANGUAGE: English

REFERENCE COUNT: 56 THERE ARE 56 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L36 ANSWER 34 OF 55 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:783230 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:317563

TITLE: Methods using a neurotoxin for treating pancreatic

disorders

INVENTOR(S): Donovan, Stephen

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Allergan Sales, Inc., USA

SOURCE: U.S., 10 pp.
CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 6143306	Α	20001107	US 2000-482831	20000111
US 6337075	B1	20020108	US 2000-491420	20000126
CA 2397030	AA	20010719	CA 2000-2397030	20000627
WO 2001051074	A1	20010719	WO 2000-US17652	20000627
W: AE, AL, AM,	AT, AU	, AZ, BA, E	BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH	H, CN, CR, CU,
CZ, DE, DK,	DM, EE	, ES, FI, G	GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HE	R, HU, ID, IL,
IN, IS, JP,	KE, KG	, KP, KR, K	KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT	r, LU, LV, MA,

SOURCE:

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MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI,
            SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM,
            AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
        RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,
            DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ,
            CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                                        EP 2000-941744
                                                                  20000627
    EP 1246634
                         A1
                               20021009
                               20031203
    EP 1246634
                         В1
        R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
            IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL
    BR 2000016962
                       Α
                               20021015
                                          BR 2000-16962
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                               20030624
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                               20031215
                                         AT 2000-941744
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    AU 771186
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                               20040318
                                        AU 2000-56406
    ES 2209909
                        Т3
                               20040701
                                          ES 2000-941744
    US 6261572
                       B1
                               20010717
                                         US 2000-629748
    US 2002031529
                       A1
                               20020314
                                           US 2001-972702
                                                                  20011003
    US 6416765
                         B2
                               20020709
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                           US 2000-482831
                                                             A2 20000111
                                           US 2000-491420
                                                              A1 20000126
                                           WO 2000-US17652
                                                              W 20000627
REFERENCE COUNT:
                        23
                              THERE ARE 23 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
                              RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
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L36 ANSWER 35 OF 55 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:768950 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:305591

TITLE: Method for treating cancer with a neurotoxin

INVENTOR(S):
Donovan, Stephen

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Allergan Sales, Inc., USA

SOURCE: U.S., 10 pp.
CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 4

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 6139845		US 1999-454842	19991207
US 6350455	B1 20020226	US 2000-631029	20000802
US 6368605	B1 20020409	US 2000-631030	20000802
WO 2001041790	A1 20010614	WO 2000-US23680	20000829
		BA, BB, BG, BR, BY,	
CR, CU, CZ,	DE, DK, DM, DZ,	EE, ES, FI, GB, GD,	GE, GH, GM, HR,
HU, ID, IL,	IN, IS, JP, KE,	KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC,	LK, LR, LS, LT,
LU, LV, MA,	MD, MG, MK, MN,	MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ,	PL, PT, RO, RU,
SD, SE, SG,	SI, SK, SL, TJ,	TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA,	UG, US, UZ, VN,
YU, ZA, ZW,	AM, AZ, BY, KG,	KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM	
RW: GH, GM, KE,	LS, MW, MZ, SD,	SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW,	AT, BE, CH, CY,
DE, DK, ES,	FI, FR, GB, GR,	IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,	PT, SE, BF, BJ,
CF, CG, CI,	CM, GA, GN, GW,	ML, MR, NE, SN, TD,	TG
US 2002094339	A1 20020718	US 2002-71826	20020208
US 2005031648	A1 20050210	US 2004-929040	20040827
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:		US 1999-454842	A3 19991207
		US 2000-631221	A2 20000802
		US 2002-71826	A2 20020208
REFERENCE COUNT:	29 THERE ARE	29 CITED REFERENCES	AVAILABLE FOR THIS
	RECORD. AI	LL CITATIONS AVAILABI	LE IN THE RE FORMAT

L36 ANSWER 36 OF 55 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:445108 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:68165

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PUBLISHER:

TITLE: Pharmacologic treatment of essential tremor AUTHOR(S): Koller, William C.; Hristova, Anna; Brin,

Mitchell

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Neurology, University of Miami School of

Medicine, Miami, FL, 33136, USA

SOURCE: Neurology (2000), 54(11, Suppl. 4), S30-S38

CODEN: NEURAI; ISSN: 0028-3878 Lippincott Williams & Wilkins

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; General Review

LANGUAGE: English

REFERENCE COUNT: 95 THERE ARE 95 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L36 ANSWER 37 OF 55 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:731296 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:117452

TITLE: Safety and efficacy of Neurobloc (botulinum

toxin type B) in type A-responsive cervical dystonia AUTHOR(S): Brashear, A.; Lew, M. F.; Dykstra, D. D.; Comella, C.

L.; Factor, S. A.; Rodnitzky, R. L.; Trosch, R.;

Singer, C.; Brin, M. F.; Murray, J. J.;

Wallace, J. D.; Willmer-Hulme, A.; Koller, M.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Indiana University Medical Center, Indianapolis, IN,

46202-5250, USA

SOURCE: Neurology (1999), 53(7), 1439-1446

CODEN: NEURAI; ISSN: 0028-3878 Lippincott Williams & Wilkins

PUBLISHER: Lippincott W DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Bodinar

REFERENCE COUNT: 31 THERE ARE 31 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L36 ANSWER 38 OF 55 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:731295 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:102732

TITLE: Safety and efficacy of Neurobloc (botulinum

toxin type B) in type A-resistant cervical dystonia

AUTHOR(S): Brin, M. F.; Lew, M. F.; Adler, C. H.;

Comella, C. L.; Factor, S. A.; Jankovic, J.; O'Brien, C.; Murray, J. J.; Wallace, J. D.; Willmer-Hulme, A.;

Koller, M.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Mount Sinai School of Medicine, New York, NY,

10029-6574, USA

SOURCE: Neurology (1999), 53(7), 1431-1438

CODEN: NEURAI; ISSN: 0028-3878 Lippincott Williams & Wilkins

PUBLISHER: Lippincott Will DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Southat English

REFERENCE COUNT: 38 THERE ARE 38 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L36 ANSWER 39 OF 55 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:706326 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:105270

TITLE: Botulinum toxin management of spasmodic

dysphonia (laryngeal dystonia): a 12-year experience

in more than 900 patients

AUTHOR(S): Blitzer, Andrew; Brin, Mitchell F.; Stewart,

Celia F.

CORPORATE SOURCE: New York Center Voice Swallowing Disorders, New York,

NY, 10019, USA

SOURCE: Laryngoscope (1998), 108(10), 1435-1441

CODEN: LARYA8; ISSN: 0023-852X Lippincott Williams & Wilkins

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

PUBLISHER:

REFERENCE COUNT: 36 THERE ARE 36 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L36 ANSWER 40 OF 55 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:637537 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 127:288068

TITLE: Botulinum toxin type B: a double-blind,

placebo-controlled, safety and efficacy study in

cervical dystonia

AUTHOR(S): Lew, M. F.; Adornato, B. T.; Duane, D. D.; Dykstra, D.

D.; Factor, S. A.; Massey, J. M.; Brin, M. F.

; Jankovic, J.; Rodnitzky, R. L.; Singer, C.; Swenson, M. R.; Tarsy, D.; Murray, J. J.; Koller, M.; Wallace,

J. D.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Univ. Southern California, Los Angeles, CA, USA

SOURCE: Neurology (1997), 49(3), 701-707 CODEN: NEURAI; ISSN: 0028-3878

PUBLISHER: Lippincott-Raven

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

REFERENCE COUNT: 32 THERE ARE 32 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L36 ANSWER 41 OF 55 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 2005 THE THOMSON CORP on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005-272370 [28] WPIDS

CROSS REFERENCE: 2004-201267 [19]
DOC. NO. NON-CPI: N2005-223770
DOC. NO. CPI: C2005-085145

TITLE: Reduction of neurotransmitter release in a subdermal

structure of a patient comprises non-chemical disruption of the stratum corneum of the skin and application of

botulinum toxin to the disrupted area of the

skin.

DERWENT CLASS: B04 S05
INVENTOR(S): DONOVAN, S

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): (DONO-I) DONOVAN S

COUNTRY COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

APPLICATION DETAILS:

PATENT NO	KIND	APPLICATION	DATE
US 2005074461	A1 Div ex	US 2002-194805 US 2003-675172	20020711 20030929

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: US 2002-194805 20020711; US

2003-675172 20030929

L36 ANSWER 42 OF 55 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 2005 THE THOMSON CORP on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004-794655 [78] WPIDS

CROSS REFERENCE: 2001-218253 [22]; 2003-899127 [82]; 2004-552534 [53]

DOC. NO. CPI: C2004-277343

TITLE: Use of botulinum toxin for the treatment of

cardiovascular disease, particularly for prevention of

restenosis.

DERWENT CLASS: B04

INVENTOR(S): BROOKS, G F; DONOVAN, S
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): (ALLR) ALLERGAN INC

COUNTRY COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

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APPLICATION DETAILS:

PATENT NO KIND APPLICATION DATE

US 2004223975 Al CIP of US 1999-371354 19990810
Cont of US 2002-114740 20020401
Cont of US 2003-628905 20030728
US 2004-870603 20040616

FILING DETAILS:

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: US 2002-114740 20020401; US

1999-371354 19990810; US 2003-628905 20030728; US 2004-870603 20040616

L36 ANSWER 43 OF 55 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 2005 THE THOMSON CORP on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004-667635 [65] WPIDS

CROSS REFERENCE: 2003-901566 [82]

DOC. NO. CPI: C2004-238526

TITLE: Alleviating or treating neuropsychiatric disorders (e.g. schizophrenia, Alzheimer's disease, mania or anxiety)

comprises administering intracranially an amount of a

Clostridial (i.e. botulinum) neurotoxin.

DERWENT CLASS: B04 D16
INVENTOR(S): DONOVAN, S

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): (ALLR) ALLERGAN INC

COUNTRY COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

APPLICATION DETAILS:

PATENT NO	KIND	APPLICATION	DATE		
US 2004180061	Al Cont of	US 2002-143078 US 2004-806972	20020510 20040322		

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: US 2002-143078 20020510; US

2004-806972 20040322

L36 ANSWER 44 OF 55 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 2005 THE THOMSON CORP on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004-591261 [57] WPIDS

CROSS REFERENCE: 2001-570551 [64]; 2001-582003 [65]; 2003-066650 [06]

DOC. NO. CPI: C2004-214854

TITLE: Use of **botulinum** toxins for the treatment or

amelioration of Hashimoto's thyroiditis.

DERWENT CLASS: B04

INVENTOR(S): DONOVAN, S; VOET, M A

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): (DONO-I) DONOVAN S; (VOET-I) VOET M A; (ALLR) ALLERGAN

INC

COUNTRY COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO	KIND DATE	WEEK	LA	PG
US 6773711 US 2002081319	B2 20040810 A1 20020627		1	1

APPLICATION DETAILS:

PATENT NO	KIND	APPLICATION	DATE		
US 6773711	B2 CIP of	US 2000-504538	20000215		
05 07/3/11	CIP of	US 2000-512110	20000213		
		US 2001-17834	20011030		
US 2002081319	A1 CIP of	US 2000-504538	20000215		
	CIP of	US 2000-512110	20000224		
		US 2001-17834	20011030		

FILING DETAILS:

PA	rent no	KIN	ID		PATENT NO	PATENT NO				
US	6773711		CIP		US 6358513 US 6524580					
US	2002081319	A 1	CIP	of	US 6358513					

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: US 2001-17834 20011030; US

2000-504538 20000215; US 2000-512110 20000224

L36 ANSWER 45 OF 55 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 2005 THE THOMSON CORP on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004-552534 [53] WPIDS

CROSS REFERENCE: 2001-218253 [22]; 2003-899127 [82]; 2004-794655 [78]

DOC. NO. CPI: C2004-202179

TITLE: Treatment of a cardiovascular disease in a mammal by

administering a botulinum toxin directly to a

blood vessel of a mammal.

DERWENT CLASS: B04 D22

INVENTOR(S): BROOKS, G F; DONOVAN, S
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): (ALLR) ALLERGAN INC

COUNTRY COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO KIND DATE WEEK LA PG _____

US 2004142005 A1 20040722 (200453)* 12

APPLICATION DETAILS:

PATENT NO KIND APPLICATION DATE _____ US 1999-371354 19990810 US 2004142005 A1 CIP of US 2002-114740 20020401 Cont of 20030728 US 2003-628905

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: US 2002-114740

US 2002-114740 20020401; 1999-371354 19990810; US 2003-628905 20030728 20020401; US

L36 ANSWER 46 OF 55 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 2005 THE THOMSON CORP on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004-041461 [04] WPIDS

CROSS REFERENCE: 2002-048339 [06]; 2002-129860 [17]; 2002-129861 [17]

DOC. NO. CPI: C2004-016840

TITLE: Treatment of epilepsy comprises intracranial

administration of botulinum toxin to

epileptogenic focus of patient.

DERWENT CLASS: B04

INVENTOR(S):

DONOVAN, S; FRANCIS, J PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): (ALLR) ALLERGAN INC

COUNTRY COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO KIND DATE WEEK LA PG ______ US 2003202990 A1 20031030 (200404)* 32

APPLICATION DETAILS:

APPLICATION DATE KIND PATENT NO _____ US 2000-596306 20000614 US 2001-903849 20010712 US 2003-421504 20030422 US 2003202990 A1 Div ex Cont of

FILING DETAILS:

PATENT NO KIND PATENT NO US 2003202990 Al Div ex US 6306403

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: US 2000-596306 2001-903849 20000614; US

20010712; US

2003-421504 20030422

L36 ANSWER 47 OF 55 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 2005 THE THOMSON CORP on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003-899127 [82] WPIDS

CROSS REFERENCE: 2001-218253 [22]; 2004-552534 [53]; 2004-794655 [78]

DOC. NO. CPI: C2003-255637

TITLE: Treating cardiovascular disease for preventing

restenosis, comprises administering botulinum toxin to blood vessel.

ν, ...

DERWENT CLASS: B04 P34

BROOKS, G F; DONOVAN, S INVENTOR(S):

(ALLR) ALLERGAN INC; (ALLR) ALLERGAN SALES INC PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

COUNTRY COUNT: 103

PATENT INFORMATION:

PAT	FENT	NO			KII	ND I	TAC	3	V	VEE	<		LA	I	PG								
US	200	318	5860)	A1	200	310	002	(20	0038	32)	+ +		12	-								
WO	200	3084	156	7	A1	200	310	16	(20	0038	32)	El	1										
	RW:	AT	ΒE	BG	CH	CY	CZ	DE	DK	EΑ	EE	ES	FI	FR	GB	GH	GM	GR	HU	ΙE	ΙT	KE	LS
		LU	MC	MM	MZ	NL	ΟA	PT	RO	SD	SE	SI	SK	\mathtt{SL}	SZ	TR	TZ	UĢ	ZM	ZW			
	₩:	ΑE	AG	AL	MA	AT	ΑU	AZ	BA	BB	BG	BR	BY	BZ	CA	CH	CN	CO	CR	CU	CZ	DE	DK
		DM	DZ	EC	EE	ES	FΙ	GB	GD	GE	GH	GM	HR	ΗU	ID	$_{ m IL}$	IN	IS	JΡ	KE	KG	ΚP	KR
		ΚZ	LC	LK	LR	LS	LT	LU	$\Gamma\Lambda$	MA	MD	MG	MK	MN	MM	MX	ΜZ	NO	NZ	OM	PH	PL	PT
		RO	RU	SC	SD	SE	SG	SK	\mathtt{SL}	TJ	TM	TN	TR	TT	TZ	UA	UG	US	UZ	VC	VN	ΥU	ZA
		ZM	zw																				
ΑU	2003	3220)51:	Ĺ	Α1	200	310	20	(20	043	36)												
US	676	7544	1		B2	200	0407	727	(20	044	19)												
EP	1490	009	7		A 1	200	0412	229	(20	050)2)	El	J										
	R:	AL	ΑT	BE	ВG	CH	CY	CZ	DE	DK	EE	ES	FI	FR	GB	GR	HU	ΙE	IT	LΙ	LT	LU	LV
		MC	MK	NL	PT	RO	SE	SI	SK	TR													
BR	2003	3008	3928	3	Α	200	0501	L04	(20	051	LO)												
KR	2004	1105	818	3	Α	200	0412	216	(20	052	25)												
JP	2009	552:	L735	5	W	200	0507	721	(20	054	19)			25									

APPLICATION DETAILS:

PATENT NO	KIND	APPLICATION	DATE
US 2003185860	A1	US 2002-114740	20020401
WO 2003084567	A1	WO 2003-US9157	20030324
AU 2003220511	A1	AU 2003-220511	20030324
US 6767544	B2 CIP of	US 1999-371352	19990810
		US 2002-114740	20020401
EP 1490097	A1	EP 2003-716821	20030324
		WO 2003-US9157	20030324
BR 2003008928	A	BR 2003-8928	20030324
		WO 2003-US9157	20030324
KR 2004105818	A	KR 2004-715481	20040930
JP 2005521735	W	JP 2003-581806	20030324
		WO 2003-US9157	20030324

FILING DETAILS:

PATENT NO	KIND	PATENT NO
AU 2003220511 US 6767544	Al Based on B2 CIP of	WO 2003084567 US 6263040
EP 1490097	A1 Based on	WO 2003084567
BR 2003008928	A Based on	WO 2003084567
JP 2005521735	W Based on	WO 2003084567

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: US 2002-114740 20020401; US 1999-371352 19990810

L36 ANSWER 48 OF 55 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 2005 THE THOMSON CORP on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003-298606 [29] WPIDS

2002-074348 [10]; 2002-088786 [12]; 2002-280151 [32]; CROSS REFERENCE:

2002-414097 [44]; 2002-517353 [55]; 2004-190944 [18];

2004-634520 [61]

DOC. NO. NON-CPI: DOC. NO. CPI:

N2003-237464 C2003-077660

TITLE:

Controlled release system for delivering a neurotoxin for treating muscle spasm, comprises a neurotoxin located within a polymeric matrix, which releases fractional

amounts of neurotoxin over a prolonged period of time.

DERWENT CLASS: INVENTOR(S):

A96 B04 B07 D22 P32 BRADY, D G; DONOVAN, S

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

(ALLR) ALLERGAN SALES INC; (ALLR) ALLERGAN INC

COUNTRY COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO	KIND DATE	WEEK	LA	PG
US 2002098237 US 6585993	A1 20020725 B2 20030701		1	7

APPLICATION DETAILS:

PATENT NO	KIND	APPLICATION	DATE
US 2002098237	A1 Cont of .	US 2000-587250	20000602
	Cont of	US 2001-923631	20010807
		US 2002-96501	20020311
US 6585993	B2 Cont of	US 2000-587250	20000602
	Cont of	US 2001-923631	20010807
		US 2002-96501	20020311

FILING DETAILS:

PATENT NO	KIND	PATENT NO
US 2002098237	Al Cont of	US 6306423
HQ (505000	Cont of	US 6383509
US 6585993	B2 Cont of Cont of	US 6306423 US 6383509

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: US 2000-587250 20000602; US

> 2001-923631 20010807; US 2002-96501 20020311

L36 ANSWER 49 OF 55 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 2005 THE THOMSON CORP on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002-517353 [55] WPIDS

2002-074348 [10]; 2002-088786 [12]; 2002-280151 [32]; CROSS REFERENCE:

2002-414097 [44]; 2003-298606 [29]; 2004-190944 [18];

2004-634520 [61]

DOC. NO. NON-CPI:

N2002-409304

DOC. NO. CPI:

C2002-146413

TITLE:

Controlled release system for causing flaccid muscular

paralysis comprises a biodegradable polymer containing a

neurotoxin.

DERWENT CLASS:

A96 B04 B07 C03 P32

INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): BRADY, D G; DONOVAN, S

(ALLR) ALLERGAN SALES INC

COUNTRY COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

APPLICATION DETAILS:

FILING DETAILS:

PATENT NO KIND PATENT NO
US 6383509 B1 Cont of US 6306423

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: US 2000-587250 20000602; US

2001-923631 20010807

L36 ANSWER 50 OF 55 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 2005 THE THOMSON CORP on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002-453014 [48] WPIDS

CROSS REFERENCE: 2001-006327 [01]; 2002-179993 [23]; 2002-254424 [30];

2002-673634 [72]; 2005-131969 [14]

DOC. NO. CPI: C2002-128778

TITLE: New method, useful for improving patient function in the

treatment of paraganglioma, e.g. reducing tachycardia, headache, hypertension or other catecholamine excess symptoms, comprises administration of a **botulinum**

toxin.

DERWENT CLASS: B04

INVENTOR(S): DONOVAN, S

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): (ALLR) ALLERGAN SALES INC

COUNTRY COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

APPLICATION DETAILS:

PATENT NO KIND APPLICATION DATE
US 6368605 B1 Div ex US 1999-454842 19991207
US 2000-631030 20000802

FILING DETAILS:

PATENT NO KIND PATENT NO
US 6368605 B1 Div ex US 6139845

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: US 1999-454842 19991207; US

2000-631030 20000802

L36 ANSWER 51 OF 55 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 2005 THE THOMSON CORP on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002-414097 [44] WPIDS

CROSS REFERENCE: 2002-074348 [10]; 2002-088786 [12]; 2002-280151 [32];

2002-517353 [55]; 2003-298606 [29]; 2004-190944 [18];

2004-634520 [61]

DOC. NO. CPI:

C2002-116971

TITLE:

Controlled release system for in vivo release of neurotoxin comprises neurotoxin in polymeric matrix.

DERWENT CLASS: INVENTOR(S):

A96 B07 D22

BRADY, D G; DONOVAN, S

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): (BRAD-I) BRADY D G; (DONO-I) DONOVAN S

COUNTRY COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO KIND DATE WEEK LA PG _____

US 2002028244 A1 20020307 (200244)* 16

APPLICATION DETAILS:

PATENT NO KIND APPLICATION DATE ______ US 2002028244 A1 Cont of US 2000-587250 20000602 US 2001-923631 20010807

FILING DETAILS:

PATENT NO KIND PATENT NO _____

US 2002028244 A1 Cont of

US 6306423

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: US 2000-587250

20000602; US

2001-923631

20010807

L36 ANSWER 52 OF 55 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 2005 THE THOMSON CORP on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002-280151 [32] WPIDS

CROSS REFERENCE:

2002-074348 [10]; 2002-088786 [12]; 2002-414097 [44]; 2002-517353 [55]; 2003-298606 [29]; 2004-190944 [18];

2004-634520 [61]

DOC. NO. CPI:

C2002-082356

TITLE:

Botulinum toxin delivery system for treating movement disorders comprises a carrier and a

botulinum toxin associated with it.

DERWENT CLASS:

A96 B04

INVENTOR(S):

DONOVAN, S

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): (DONO-I) DONOVAN S; (ALLR) ALLERGAN SALES INC

COUNTRY COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO KIND DATE WEEK LA PG _____ US 2002028216 A1 20020307 (200232)* 19 US 6506399 B2 20030114 (200313)

APPLICATION DETAILS:

PATENT NO	KIND	APPLICATION	DATE
US 2002028216	A1 CIP of	US 2000-587250	20000602
	Cont of	US 2000-624003	20000721
		US 2001-971424	20011004
US 6506399	B2 CIP of	US 2000-587250	20000602
	Cont of	US 2000-624003	20000721
		US 2001-971424	20011004

FILING DETAILS:

PATENT NO KIND PATENT NO _____

US 2002028216 A1 CIP of US 6306423
Cont of US 6312708
US 6506399 B2 CIP of US 6306423
Cont of US 6312708

Cont of

20000721; US

L36 ANSWER 53 OF 55 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 2005 THE THOMSON CORP on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002-254424 [30] WPIDS
CROSS REFERENCE: 2001-006327 [01]; 2002-179993 [23]; 2002-453014 [48]; CROSS REFERENCE:

DOC. NO. CPI:

2002-673634 [72]; 2005-131969 [14]
C2002-149817
Treating hyperplasic or hypertonic adrenal medulla, such as chromaffin cell tumor, comprises administering TITLE:

botulinum toxin type A.

DERWENT CLASS: B04 C05
INVENTOR(S): DONOVAN, S

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): (ALLR) ALLERGAN SALES INC

COUNTRY COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO KIND DATE WEEK LA PG _____

US 6350455 B1 20020226 (200230)* 10

APPLICATION DETAILS:

APPLICATION KIND PATENT NO US 6350455 B1 Div ex US 1999-454842 19991207 US 2000-631029 20000802

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: US 1999-454842 19991207; US

> 2000-631029 20000802

L36 ANSWER 54 OF 55 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 2005 THE THOMSON CORP on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002-129861 [17] WPIDS

ACCESSION NORTH 2002-04055
CROSS REFERENCE: 2002-04055
CPI: C2002-039776
Treating move 2002-048339 [06]; 2002-129860 [17]; 2004-041461 [04]

Treating movement disorders such as Parkinson's disease,

Huntington's chorea, Wilson's disease, Tourette's syndrome, epilepsy, chronic tremor and dystonia, by

administering neurotoxins such as botulinum

toxin type A.

DERWENT CLASS: B04 D16 INVENTOR(S): DONOVAN, S

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): (DONO-I) DONOVAN S; (ALLR) ALLERGAN INC

COUNTRY COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

WEEK LA PG PATENT NO KIND DATE

US 2001053370 A1 20011220 (200217)* US 6620415 B2 20030916 (200362)

APPLICATION DETAILS:

PATENT NO KIND APPLICATION DATE _____ US 2001053370 A1 Div ex US 2000-596306 20000614
US 2001-904113 20010711
US 6620415 B2 Div ex US 2000-596306 20000614
US 2001-904113 20010711

FILING DETAILS:

PATENT NO KIND PATENT NO _____ US 2001053370 Al Div ex US 6306403 US 6620415 B2 Div ex US 6306403

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: US 2000-596306 20000614; US 2001-904113 20010711

L36 ANSWER 55 OF 55 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 2005 THE THOMSON CORP on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002-129860 [17] WPIDS

2002-048339 [06]; 2002-129861 [17]; 2004-041461 [04]

ACCESSION NORDEL
CROSS REFERENCE: 2002-039775
CPI: C2002-039775 Treating movement disorders such as Parkinson's disease,

Huntington's chorea, Wilson's disease, epilepsy, chronic

tremor, dystonia and spasticity, by administering

neurotoxins such as botulinum toxin type A.

DERWENT CLASS: B04 D16
INVENTOR(S): DONOVAN, S

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): (DONO-I) DONOVAN S

COUNTRY COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO KIND DATE WEEK LA PG _____ US 2001053369 A1 20011220 (200217)* 16

APPLICATION DETAILS:

APPLICATION DATE PATENT NO KIND ______ US 2001053369 A1 Div ex US 2000-596306 20000614 US 2001-903849 20010712

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PATENT NO KIND PATENT NO _____ US 2001053369 Al Div ex US 6306403

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